

THE ENTERPRISE.

VOL XX

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, SAN MATEO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, MAY 31, 1913

NO. 21

MEMORIAL SERVICES AT THE METHODIST CHURCH

Last Sunday evening a goodly number filled the Methodist Church to attend the memorial services preparatory to the observance of Decoration Day on May 30th. The occasion was to perpetuate the memory of soldiers and sailors who sacrificed their lives in battle that this nation might live. The service was honored by the presence of four veterans of the Civil War, three of whom are members of the Grand Army of the Republic. E. E. Cunningham and Geo. F. McDonald belong to Thomas Post No. 2, of San Francisco. A visiting comrade, W. C. Hofers, of Lincoln Post No. 1, and Robert Hurley of this city attended. The first two mentioned served in the army, while the latter two served in the navy. The services were instructive, filled with patriotic feeling, and deeply impressive throughout.

Representatives of the Grand Army of the Republic and the Sons of Veterans participated in the program, and the addresses and music were in perfect harmony with the spirit of the occasion.

After the singing of "America" by the congregation, the pastor, Rev. M. J. Williams, led in prayer. The pastor, being a member of the Sons of Veterans, presided at the service, and gave a brief history of Memorial Day. The first speaker introduced was E. E. Cunningham, who delivered an address upon the subject, "A Plea for Peace." Judge Cunningham spoke in substance as follows: The sacredness of Memorial Day is recognized everywhere, and the sentiment aroused finds appropriate expression through the beauty and fragrance of flowers. But the question often arises as to what is the best way possible of observing this day. The present great movement for peace is very significant. The Panama-Pacific Exposition of 1915 will not only celebrate the wedding or two great oceans, but it will recognize two great peace anniversaries in American history; the semi-centennial of peace since the close of the Civil War in 1865, and the centennial of peace between the United States and Great Britain since the Treaty of Ghent in 1815. The soldier is the most effective advocate of peace, because no one is better qualified than he to testify of the horrors of war. War is not a cause, but an effect, the fruit of wrong. It is a relic of barbarism. Slavery is morally wrong, and no amount of legislation such as the Fugitive Slave Law, or the judgment of courts expressed in the Dred Scott Decision, could make it right. Slavery was upheld as a divine institution, but the awful experience of the Great Civil War proved that slavery was the object of divine indignation. The world is now an armed camp. But many great leaders arise and warmly advocate peace. The time is getting ripe for a peaceful revolution. The Hague Tribunal, the Czar of Russia, Presidents Roosevelt, Taft, Wilson, Statesmen Bryan and Chancellor Jordon are all in line for peace. The time will come when international differences will be settled by a great international court of arbitration, when will be realized Tennyson's poetic dream of the "Federation of the World."

Mrs. J. O. Snyder very beautifully sang "Face to Face," accompanied by Ernest Langenbach. Geo. F. McDonald was the second

Local Happenings in Brief

Charles Larsen has bought the Carter bungalow.

Mrs. M. Muller of Oakland is visiting Mrs. A. McSweeney.

Mrs. Geo. Kneese is spending this week at Half Moon Bay.

Leslie Edwards of San Francisco was a visitor here yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Britton are spending this week end in San Jose.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Lopez and son left for San Juan Friday morning to be gone over Sunday.

Mrs. C. A. Lancaster, of San Francisco is here visiting her daughter, Mrs. Frank Edwards.

Mrs. E. Langenbach entertained the Criscendo Club of San Francisco at her home Wednesday.

Mrs. J. A. McCall returned Thursday from Oakland where she had been the early part of the week.

Mrs. Chas. Payne of Berkeley has been spending the week with her cousin Mrs. E. Langenbach.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Shugert of Palo Alto were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Martin last Sunday.

M. Delemas who has been ill at his home on Baden avenue was taken to the Red Cross Hospital at San Mateo.

George Sneath and family of San Bruno left yesterday for an automobile trip to Fresno. They will return Sunday.

The first grand ball given by The Spoons will take place in Metropoli-

speaker for the G. A. R. He dealt with the historical phases of the Civil War and gave many valuable statistics. Approximately about 1800 battles were fought entailing a loss in human life of 110,000 in killed and wounded, 200,000 from disease, and 20,000 died in prison, making a total of 339,000 men who lay down their lives for the Union cause. Eighteen thousand of these lie in Arlington cemetery. The speaker closed with a recitation, "A Tribute to the Boys in Blue from '61 to '65," which was well delivered.

Led by the choir, the congregation sang "Lead Kindly Light" in memory of our martyr President, William McKinley, who was a soldier.

Mayor Cunningham responded for the Sons of Veterans and the Veterans of the Spanish American War. He spoke of the comparative obligations of the citizen to God, to his country, to his neighbor and himself, and gave special emphasis to the duty to one's country. War was wrong, but men acted in good faith and fought for what they believed to be right. While the Spanish War was a mere skirmish compared with the Civil War, yet men were transported 7000 miles from home and had to endure hardships in a foreign land and in tropical climate. Now all is peace. Veterans of the Spanish War fill positions of honor and distinction. The speaker recited "The Soldier's Dream" and used it as an effective illustration that after war the reality of duty to country still remains, and this must be impressed upon our foreign population.

The service closed by singing "Nearer My God to Thee" and the benediction.

James Pickett, the upholsterer, will be in this city next Monday and all week. Now is the time to have your mattresses made over. Leave orders at this office. Advt.

tan Hall on Saturday, June 21st next. There will be dancing all night. Union music by Gorman and Levi has been engaged. Electric cars all night. Admission, gents 50 cents, ladies 25 cents.

Mrs. A. Costa is enjoying a visit from her sister Miss Eva Maderas of Santa Clara. Miss Maderas will be here until Monday.

A cottage in Belle Air caught fire last evening about 8 o'clock from an exploding oil lamp and was completely destroyed.

Frank Edwards was here last Sunday, but hurriedly returned to Napa when he learned that his wife had gone there to visit him.

Reuben Smith returned last week from Chicago where he has been the last four weeks in the interests of the Western Meat Company.

Miss Ruth Turner of Palo Alto spent last Sunday here with her brother F. Warren Turner. Miss Turner leaves for New York shortly.

Mrs. J. Newman of San Francisco and her sister Mrs. F. Wilmarth, both formerly of this city, are spending a few days with Mrs. Howard Werner.

Mrs. A. Smiley and daughter Mrs. Theodore Finch of San Francisco were the guests of Mrs. G. Holston and her mother Mrs. J. Simpson last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Larsen left yesterday for San Margarita, San Luis Obispo County, where they will spend the week at the ranch of Mrs. Larsen's father.

A number of the friends of Miss Cecelia Farrell and Miss Fern Kiessling attended their graduation at the graduation exercises of San Mateo High School last Thursday night.

Mrs. Florence Count of San Francisco has recently moved to this city, and has opened a studio for instruction on the piano and violin in J. F. Cooks furniture store, 116 Grand avenue.

Rev. M. J. Williams went to San Jose Friday to attend memorial services with his Camp of Sons of Veterans at that place. Mr. Williams' father is interred in the G. A. R. plot at Oak Hill cemetery.

Walter McDonald, one of the earliest residents of South San Francisco, has returned here after nineteen years absence. Mr. McDonald has lived a greater part of the time in Mexico. He returns with a wife and family.

The ambitions of Reuben Smith Jr. were realized when he left home Thursday evening to join Uncle Sam's forces. He has enlisted for three years service in the eleventh company of the Coast Artillery Corps of the National Guard and will be stationed for the present at Camp Willow, Bolinas Bay. The company will remain there a few weeks for target practice and then return to the Presidio.

Charles Street, formerly motorman on the local street car line and who has many friends here, left yesterday

"SMOKER" BY MOOSE LODGE A SUCCESS

A "Smoker" was given by South City Lodge, No. 832, L. O. O. M., in Metropolitan Hall, last Thursday evening. It was the lodge's public social night and there was a large attendance. It was given for the purpose of explaining the principles and benefits of the order to invited guests, in order to induce them to become members. The charter has been reopened for three months, and the initiation fee reduced to \$5.

A splendid program was rendered by local talent. Past Dictator A. McSweeney of South City Lodge and Dictator E. W. Langenbach and Harry Edwards of San Mateo Lodge made convincing and interesting addresses.

Refreshments were served and all who attended enjoyed themselves.

On every fifth meeting right of the month the lodge gives a social time or dance

for England. He will visit his mother whom he has not seen for twenty years and expects to be gone three months.

The tri-county organization has arranged for a trip of inspection next Wednesday morning along the San Bruno road from the Civic Center in San Francisco down to San Bruno. Attorney General Webb has agreed to be present, also several of the San Mateo county officials.

On Monday, June 9th, an election will be held in this city for the purpose of voting upon the question of the formation of a high school district to consist of the territory included within the South San Francisco grammar school district. The polls, at the school house, will be open between the hours of 8 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Local carpenters have organized a union. Following are the officers elected at a meeting held last Tuesday evening: H. A. H. Stark, president; J. V. Jones, vice president; G. E. Brunner, recording secretary; Ed. Jorgensen, financial secretary; Chas. Johnson, treasurer; A. Lee, conductor; Fred Smith, warden; Chas. Sorensen, D. Palany and Mr. Bonetti, trustees; F. W. Brown, P. Gazzines and C. McCalley, auditors; F. W. Brown, delegate to Building Trades Council; G. E. Brunner, delegate to Bay District of Carpenters.

John Brunner, foreman of a railroad construction gang in this city, last Sunday night, while drunk, viciously cut his wife all over her body and limbs with a hatchet. Deputy Marshal Acheson and Constable Wallace arrested Brunner who was taken to the county jail in Redwood City, where he now is. Mrs. Brunner was given emergency treatment by Dr. Plymire and later taken to the county hospital. Her wounds are very serious and if blood poisoning does not develop she has a chance of recovering. A neighbor and his wife tried to protect the woman. The man was struck with the hatchet on the side of his head and his wife had her hand cut.

Last Wednesday afternoon Everette Foster, the young son of E. Foster, had a very narrow escape from death. Everette in company with Joseph and Ernest Lemmons, while at play at the beach beyond the Fuller works found a can of black powder carelessly left on the edge of the cliff. Young Foster undertook to light the can. He was blown over the cliff and into deep water. His face was badly burned and his clothing set on fire. Blinded temporarily and in great pain, the boy managed to swim out of the water and find his way to the Fuller plant where he was taken in hand and returned to his home. His injuries proved more painful than serious. The other boys were but slightly burned and made for home unassisted.

HOME TRADING CAMPAIGN TO BE STARTED SOON

The local chamber of commerce held its regular weekly meeting last Wednesday evening.

It was decided to join with the San Mateo County Development Association and the boards of trade of San Mateo and Redwood City in taking service from the Central Press Bureau, Pittsburg, at an expense of \$40 a year, or \$10 for each organization. This bureau maintains a clipping service which sends out a list of firms who are contemplating establishing factories or changing from former locations.

E. W. Langenbach, for the committee appointed at a previous meeting for the purpose of devising a plan to make the home trading idea in this city a successful one, reported that a largely attended meeting of local merchants had been held the previous evening. The former merchants board of trade had been revived. Mr. Langenbach stated that the merchants recommended that a home trading folder be printed at present, and that they intend issuing a semi-weekly bulletin in the near future. In addition to this it was suggested that the home trading movement be advertised in the moving picture shows.

It was decided to have folders printed, and E. E. Cunningham, E. I. Woodman and E. W. Langenbach were appointed as a committee to prepare the reading matter.

W. J. Martin was authorized to arrange for an electric advertising sign on the top of the contemplated new hotel building on the site of the present postoffice.

The president was authorized to appoint a committee to devise a scheme of improving the electric street lighting in this city.

It was decided to start a baseball fund with which to aid the local baseball team.

Complaint was made that residents of this city were maintaining offensive hog pens. An effort will be made to have an ordinance adopted by the city board of trustees to stop this practice. Adjournment was taken to meet again next Wednesday evening.

CITY TRUSTEES

Owing to no quorum being present last Monday night, there was no meeting of the city board of trustees.

For Rent—The Edwards residence, corner Miller and Spruce avenues; also some furniture for sale. Apply on premises. Advt.

LET YOUR MONEY WORK FOR YOU

One dollar at compound interest will DOUBLE itself in seventeen years. We compute interest on Savings Deposits June 30th and December 31st of each year, then we add that interest to your original deposit, and at the end of another six months we figure interest on the total. This interest is again added and so on. Start a Savings Account NOW and make your money earn more money for you.

4% Interest on Savings Deposits

BANK OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO
SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

H. L. HAAKER, Assistant Cashier

W. H. COFFINBERRY, President

There are two kinds of Service—the good and the bad

Service

Bad service is always preceded by alluring inducements—promises made in print which the makers have no intention of fulfilling.

Good service is that which "makes good" on every promise made. And when we say that "Pacific Service" is a good service we mean and can prove that it will come up to your every expectation

Why not investigate it?

"Pacific Service" is "Perfect Service"



PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY
SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

South San Francisco

Railroad Time Table

December 22, 1912.

BAY SHORE CUTOFF.

NORTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:08 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
7:03 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
7:18 A. M.
8:04 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
8:44 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
9:23 A. M.
9:53 A. M.
11:13 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
1:07 P. M.
3:04 P. M.
3:41 P. M.
5:14 P. M.
5:28 P. M.
7:03 P. M.
7:26 P. M.
10:43 P. M.
(Sunday only)
11:39 P. M.

SOUTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:02 A. M.
7:22 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
8:23 A. M.
10:58 A. M.
11:58 A. M.
1:37 p. m.
(Saturday only)
2:29 P. M.
3:17 P. M.
4:37 P. M.
5:24 P. M.
5:58 P. M.
6:47 P. M.
8:27 P. M.
10:22 P. M.
12:02 P. M.
(Theater Train)

LOOP SERVICE

From San Francisco via Valencia Street and to San Francisco via Bay Shore Cutoff.

6:18 p. m.

(Except Sunday)

From San Francisco via Bay Shore Cutoff and to San Francisco via Valencia Street.

6:25 p. m.

(Except Sunday)

POST OFFICE.

Post Office open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays, 8 A. M. to 9 A. M. Money order office open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. Mails leave Post Office twenty minutes before trains.

MAILS DISPATCHED.

South, 6:02 a. m.
North, 8:03 a. m.
South, 11:57 a. m.
North, 12:13 p. m.
South, 2:18 p. m.
North, 3:41 p. m.
North, 7:03 p. m.

MAILS RECEIVED.

North, 6:02 a. m.
North, 11:57 a. m.
South, 12:13 p. m.
North, 2:18 p. m.
South, 3:41 p. m.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM, P. M.

CITY OFFICIALS

TRUSTEES—F. A. Cunningham (President), Thos. L. Hickey, G. W. Holston, J. H. Kelly, J. C. McGovern.

Clerk.....W. J. Smith
Treasurer.....C. L. Kauffmann
Recorder.....Wm. Rehberg
Attorney.....J. W. Colebert
Marshal.....H. W. Kneese
Night Watchman.....W. P. Acheson
BOARD OF HEALTH—Dr. H. G. Plymire, E. E. Cunningham, Wm. Hickey, Dr. I. W. Keith, Geo. Kneese (Secretary).

SCHOOL TRUSTEES—P. D. Broner, Chas. Robinson, E. N. Brown.

County Officials

Judge Superior Court.....G. H. Buck
Treasurer.....P. P. Chamberlain
Tax Collector.....A. McSweeney
District Attorney.....Franklin Swart
Assessor.....C. D. Hayward
County Clerk.....Joseph H. Nash
County Recorder.....H. O. Helmer
Sheriff.....J. H. Mansfield
Auditor.....Henry Underhill
Superintendent of Schools.....Roy Cloud
Coroner and Public Adm.....Dr. H. G. Plymire
Surveyor.....James B. Neuman
Health Officer.....W. G. Beattie, M. D.

Officials—First Township

Supervisor.....James T. Casey
Justices of the Peace.....E. C. Johnson
.....John F. Davis
Constables.....Jas. C. Wallace
.....J. H. Parker

Postmaster.....E. E. Cunningham

SCHOOLS SHOULD
BE FIREPROOFEDEstimated That a School Fire
Occurs Each Day.

FACTS SHOULD BE HEEDED.

Assertion Made That 250,000 Schoolhouses in This Country Were Built to Burn and That 20,000,000 Pupils Are in Peril Daily—Public Schools the Safest.

Perilous conditions prevail in school buildings of fully 400 cities of this country, according to a survey just made by a fire insurance authority. In the published list, in which practically every state in the Union is represented, it is pointed out that even in the largest and most progressive cities the public authorities have much work to do to protect school children from the dangers of fire and panic. And this notwithstanding the fact that frequent inspections have been made or are being made and improvements continually ordered by those in authority.

An analysis of conditions surrounding schoolhouse construction in the United States and Canada, combined with a scrutiny of a list of school fires published in Insurance Engineering, covering the years 1911 and 1912 and two months and a half of the present year, is the basis of that journal's assertion that more than 250,000 schoolhouses in this country have been "built to burn."

Every state in the Union and many Canadian provinces are included in the investigation, which comprises nearly 400 cities. The conclusion reached is that most of the 20,000,000 school children and students in the roll of cities enumerated are in constant peril from fire and panic because of the fact that they are housed in buildings that are fire traps.

Within the period and area covered the estimated average fire loss per school fire is placed at \$25,000. In 1911 the value of school and college buildings destroyed by fire was approximately \$3,000,000. A considerable increase over this figure was recorded in 1912, and the prediction is made that if something is not done to alter the style of construction the fire losses in school buildings for 1913 will be nearer the \$4,000,000 mark.

Estimates of the prevailing frequency of fires in schools are as high as ten a week, although the incompleteness of the reports makes it impossible to place the figures exactly. It is considered safe to say, however, that a school, college or some other sort of educational building burns partially or completely each day in a school year.

Conditions typical of those which obtain generally have been disclosed by investigations of the state factory inspector in Iowa. His report showed that one-half of the school buildings in that state were totally unfit for use in one way or another. And the investigators of the education department of the Sage foundation found the same conditions to the schools of the second richest community in the United States. The dangers are not confined by any means to the public schools. On the contrary, out of 265 fires counted in a period of twenty-seven months nearly 60 per cent were in private schools and colleges.

Overcrowding, insufficient ventilation, unsafe heating apparatus, combustible construction, wooden stairways and doors swinging inward are given as the principal sources of danger to school children. The most recent menace is said to be the introduction of motion pictures in the schools.

Another indication that conditions are to become rapidly worse instead of better is pointed out in the character of the specifications for school buildings to be erected within the present year. It is asserted that only 10 per cent of these call for fireproof construction. Between Jan. 1, 1913, and the middle of March school construction was particularly active. In all 388 cities have been named in the building periodicals as being engaged in erecting schoolhouses. But in only a small proportion of cases have the authorities shown any appreciation of the fact that school buildings contribute heavily to fire losses and more than any other class of public buildings need to be fireproofed.

One Man Power Profitable.

There was a town in Maine that found it was constantly getting deeper and deeper into debt, and the people appealed to a certain man to take the office of chairman of the board of selectmen. He refused unless they would

elect him to every other office in the town at the same time. It was found that it could be done under the law, with the exception of two other selectmen, and the men taking these places agreed to have nothing to do with the town affairs and let the one man run the whole thing. He took hold of the matter, and at the end of two years, without increasing taxes, the town was out of debt and had a surplus in the treasury. Jean O. Michaud, the man who did that thing, says that he accomplished the work by "supervising expenditures." That is the one thing needful in all city, county and state government. There is no such supervision anywhere now, and because there is not taxes are high.—Omaha World-Herald

RURAL SCHOOL INTEREST.

Much Can Be Done For Their Material Improvement.

Greater public interest in the rural schools, their consolidation where practicable and the enrichment of courses of study will bring about an improvement in the material environment of these schools. Substantial, well arranged, well heated and well ventilated schoolhouses will be the rule rather than, as now, the exception.

The grounds about the schoolhouse will be laid out so as to provide suitable playgrounds and shady nooks for out of door study and instruction. To stimulate interest in the planting of trees about country schoolhouses the department of agriculture has recently issued a farmers' bulletin on this subject. Where circumstances will permit, school gardens will be maintained. These need not be large nor elaborate, but may easily be so managed as to furnish such material for instruction and an opportunity for the children to learn by doing things themselves. Such gardens are now successfully maintained about country schools in some places in this country and more commonly in certain parts of Europe.

There will also be collections of seeds, dried plants, soils, minerals, insects and other natural objects, not as curiosities, but as direct aids to instruction. Already much has been accomplished in some states in providing the country schools with useful libraries. In Wisconsin and California all the school districts have libraries, and in Connecticut, Minnesota, New York, Indiana and Illinois much progress has been made in this direction. The public libraries are being closely connected with the public schools. In Massachusetts, for example, nearly every township has a public library to which the school children and their teachers have access.

Served Upon the Knees.

There is a story told of Grammont, who one day dined in state with Charles II. of England. Charles bade the count to notice that the servants knelt while they served the dishes, a mark of respect to guests of the king not common at other courts. "I thank your majesty for the explanation," answered Grammont. "I thought they were begging pardon for giving you so bad a dinner."

A Question
Of Education

THE mail order houses have systematically educated the public that it is easier to drop a letter in the postoffice than to hitch up and drive one or five or ten miles to get an article, even if they have to wait two or three weeks for it. The time has now come for the small merchant to reap an advantage from this fact for himself. Using the parcel post he can ship goods to customers within his zone cheaper, quicker and generally more satisfactorily than any one else can do it.

THE NEXT STEP IN THE PUBLIC'S EDUCATION MUST BE THAT IT PAYS TO DO BUSINESS WITH THE MAN NEARER HOME. This must be done in concrete fashion—by catalogue or specific newspaper, circular or poster advertising. It is merely a question of disseminating this knowledge. When those who have done business with the mail order houses in the past learn that the merchant close at hand can supply their needs as readily and much more speedily and satisfactorily, they will turn their trade in his direction.

NOW IS THE TIME TO GET BUSY.

PAY EVERY BILL WHEN DUE
ALWAYS THE BEST MAXIM

The Only Successful and Safe Way to Transact Business.

"No man can do business of any magnitude," said a retail man recently, "or would care to, for that matter, without credit, but the very ease with which credit may be obtained may be a pitfall and one into which a good many retail merchants have fallen and unless human nature changes are likely to fall in the future.

"But there is one safe course to follow which at least will prevent complications arising as a result of carelessness, and that is to adopt a rule to pay every bill and interest account when it is due. Many a bill has been let run over when to pay it would be just as easy as to omit doing so, and loose ends of debt accumulate in a way that is surprising when a full summing up is made of them.

"Then, too, it is true that if the debts are left at loose ends some one may take it into his head to gather the loose ends together and so tie up the man who should have looked after them. This may be a bad metaphor, but it is certainly good logic.

"So, as I said in the beginning," said the merchant, "the best thing to do is to pay all bills when due, even if it does so you shall have to borrow the necessary money with which to take care of them, since doing so at least has the merit of concentrating the indebtedness and placing it where provision can be made for its handling easily when opportunity offers to take it up."

HOME MERCHANT SHOULD
NEVER HAVE DULL TIMES

New Schemes Often Effective in Stimulating Trade Activity.

Nothing wins so well as constant work. Often we hear a merchant complaining about dull times. Perhaps his neighbor is doing a rushing business, for the simple reason that his neighbor keeps busy. If customers are not coming in so rapidly as he might wish the busy man takes time to get busier and devises some new scheme to bring trade to the store.

Perhaps he busies himself in rearranging his goods in attractive manner on the shelves and in the showcases. If he finds some of the clerks who are complaining of its being dull he immediately gets those clerks busy getting out old goods and arranging them in a manner that he can carry on a cleaning up sale to advantage.

There is always lots of work to do. How many times do we find merchants who complain of dullness sitting inside and vainly endeavoring to look through windows covered with dust and dirt? How many times do we find the man who says there is nothing to do looking at a display of dirty goods?

Don't you forget it—if you have any business to look after you have something to keep you busy all the time. Nothing like keeping busy about the store. It is sure to pay in the end. Even the novice can keep busy reading some good trade paper and posting up on commercial ideas and make a winning thereby.

An Unprofitable Success.

Saunders Norvell told this one on himself to the state hardware dealers in convention at the Coliseum: "When I was in the jobbing business I used to pass on the street car the store of one of my customers who did not have his windows arranged in the best way to sell goods. One day I got off the car and went in and told him how to fix up the window. He listened to my arguments, but became angry with me. However, I watched his store window closely for the next week to see whether he would adopt my suggestions. He adopted them completely, but he did it with goods that he purchased from one of my competitors."—St. Louis Dispatch.

Tulips Always a Garden Favorite.

There is nothing more attractive than a tulip bed placed in an appropriate part of the grounds around the house. The multicolored flower must always be a favorite by reason of its beauty and variety.

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EXPRESSAGE

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FOUNDERS OF THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

THE SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY designed in its original plan to make of South San Francisco a great manufacturing center. With that object in view, it originally purchased 3500 acres of land in San Mateo County, on the bay front, five miles south of the City of San Francisco. Since the original purchase, the company has added greatly to its holdings by the purchase of large tracts of adjoining lands, giving to it a perfect environment for the complete development of a great manufacturing city.

The faith which this Company had in its enterprise has been manifest to everyone by the large expenditure it has made in the development of this property. Every foundation which goes to make a perfect condition for manufacture has been already solidly installed, and

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

is a rapidly growing city; it is a railroad terminal; it is on the main line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and accessible to all railroads; has deep water communication; owns and operates for its industries a railroad connecting with the Southern Pacific and the water front; has electric street car service from factory to Town, and direct to San Francisco; has an Electric Light and Power Company; owns an independent Water Works, and has an abundance of fresh water for factory and house; has wharves and docks; a perfect sewerage system; a Bank and a Town Hall; and a population of over 3000 people an extensive and fine residence district, where everyone may secure lands at reasonable prices and on favorable terms, as homes for themselves and their families.

FACTORY SITES

can be obtained from the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company on most reasonable terms.

The completion of the Bay Shore Tunnels has placed South San Francisco on the main lines of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and forty passenger trains per day connect it with the outside world.

Owing to the completion of the Dumbarton Bridge and Cutoff, South San Francisco will soon have all railroads which center in San Francisco passing through its midst.

Many industries are already established here, chief of which are the Western Meat Company, the Wool Pullery, the Soap Works, the Steiger Pottery Works, the W. P. Fuller & Co. Paint Works, the South San Francisco Lumber and Supply Company, the Pacific Coast Steel Company, the Pacific Car and Equipment Company, the Standard Corrugated Pipe Works, and other enterprises, all of which are in operation to-day. The Meese Gottfried Machinery Company and the Enterprise Foundry of San Francisco have each recently made purchases of land, and South San Francisco is plainly destined to fulfill all that its promoters had hoped.

For Manufacturing Purposes, South San Francisco Has No Equal on San Francisco Bay

PARTIES DESIRING LOCATIONS SHOULD APPLY TO

W. J. MARTIN, Land Agent, South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.
South San Francisco, San Mateo County, California.

NEXT TIME

YOU BAKE---

USE

CALIFENE

It will make your friends wonder how you get that nice, rich, savory crust they somehow cannot bake. Be generous. Give them the secret. Tell them about Califene, the new shortening that makes every baking day cheerful. Be sure they remember the name Califene, made in South San Francisco and sold everywhere in California.

ASK YOUR DEALER

Manufactured from the purest vegetable oil and selected beef fat in a modern and sanitary plant under the watchful eyes of U. S. Government Inspectors.

Western Meat Company

THE ENTERPRISE

Published every Saturday by the
Enterprise Publishing Co.
Everett I. Woodman, Manager.

Entered at the Postoffice at South San Francisco, Cal., as second-class matter, December 19, 1895.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year, in advance \$2 00
Six Months " 1 00
Three Months " 50

Advertising rates furnished on application.

Office on Linden Avenue near Bank

SATURDAY, MAY 31, 1913

1913 MAY 1913						
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COUNTY WILL SELL \$350,000 ROAD BONDS

County good roads went to the front at a special meeting of the board of supervisors Monday, when after a conference with the board of supervisors it was agreed to instruct District Attorney Swart to draw up necessary papers looking to the sale of \$350,000 worth of road bonds as soon as possible. It is believed that this sum will cover the amount of road work that can be accomplished to advantage this year and will probably be used for the purpose of connecting the state highway in Redwood City and San Mateo, building of the Bay Shore highway and grading on the Colma to Half Moon Bay route.

By resolution, the board of supervisors has also requested the State Highway Commission to construct the state highway between San Mateo and Santa Clara county to a width of twenty-four feet. Contracts let on that portion of the El Camino Real thus far provide for the highway but twenty feet in width and the argument is made that this portion of the highway is just as important as that already constructed between Burlingame and Baden Crossing, which is 24 feet wide. It is stated that there is every prospect of the resolution receiving the favorable consideration of the commission.

GERMAN LUTHERAN CHURCH SERVICES

Sunday school at 4 p. m., Preaching at 4:30 p. m., to-morrow (Sunday) in Metropolitan Hall. Rev. H. R. Poutow. Residence 715 E Street, San Mateo.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

ENTERPRISE subscribers are requested to notify this office immediately if they do not receive their papers promptly each week



CLAIMS OF AUDITOR AND TREASURER DECLARED ILLEGAL

The claims of Auditor Underhill and Treasurer Chamberlain of \$46 each for expenses in going to San Francisco to count the county's coin, and that of the San Francisco First National Bank for storing the county's money were declared illegal by Judge Dooling in a brief session of the Superior Court last Saturday, and the order of the court previously issued temporarily restraining the auditor and treasurer from paying the claims was made permanent.

This action was instituted by County Clerk Nash who, as a citizen and taxpayer, employed attorneys Sullivan & Roche to represent him in court. Ross & Ross appeared on behalf of the auditor and treasurer. The arguments were brief and Judge Dooling gave his decision without leaving the bench.

In a communication to this paper, Mr. Nash says, "For your information, I don't want it understood that I am making the fight personally against Mr. Chamberlain, but against the system of which he is a victim."

On Monday, Treasurer Chamberlain appeared before the board of supervisors and stated he desired to take possession of his office in the courtroom and would require certain furniture and fixtures, including a strong box in which to keep the county's money. The request was referred to the courthouse committee.

COUNTY NOTES

Last Saturday, the last of the county's old road bonds, amounting to \$3000, were taken up and thus was wiped out an indebtedness that has existed for over forty years. In the early 70's a bond issue of \$60,000 was voted to build certain roads in the county. The bonds were originally owned by Antoine Borel and when first issued bore interest at from 10 to 12 per cent. Later the interest was dropped as low as 4½ per cent.

W. G. Sawin, president of the San Francisco Single Tax Society from 1902 to 1903 and originator of the plan for a statue entitled "Commerce Civilizing the World" on the heights overlooking the Golden Gate, has announced his candidacy for the assessorship of San Mateo county at the election in November, 1914. He lives in Lomita Park. Mr. Sawin states that he has been a single taxer for twenty-five years, is author of "The Profits and Volume of Capital," published by the American Academy of Political and Social Science, has resided in California twenty-six years and in San Mateo county seven years. The present county assessor is Clarence E. Hayward.

BASEBALL NEWS

To-morrow's game will be a good one. The local team meets the Berkeley Moose from Berkeley, a good fast team. Join the crowd and root for your home team!

The Western Meat Company's team will play the Redwood Club at Redwood City in the morning.

REALTY TRANSFERS.

F. A. Cunningham and wife to J. Bruno—Portion lots 1, 2, block 128, South San Francisco.

South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co. to J. J. Custer—Lot 34, block 191, South San Francisco.

For Rent—3-room house, with bath, water included, \$10 a month. C. Schoelkopf, San Bruno. Advt.

No Wind or Weather

Can harm the complexion, treated with our soaps, creams and face powders. For they give health, vigor and daintiness to the skin, removing all dirt, all effects of sun, wind or rain. To use them is to assure the performance of every woman's duty, which is to look and to stay beautiful.

SOUTH CITY PHARMACY,

San Bruno South San Francisco
Phone Main 162 Phone Main 82

DEVELOPMENT BODY PREPARING FOR BANQUET

Arrangements have now been completed to the end that the second annual banquet of the San Mateo County Development Association will be held at the Peninsula Hotel, San Mateo, on Thursday evening, June 12th, at 7:30 o'clock. At first it had been planned to hold the affair at Redwood's new hostelry, the Sequoia, but it was found that accommodations could not be planned for the large number who wished to attend.

Recognizing the aid that the women of the county have given the association, particularly in the road campaign, the board of governors decided to depart from the usual custom and welcome them as guests along with boosters of the sterner sex. Women will also be among the after dinner speakers, among them being Mrs. A. P. Black, the well known San Francisco clubwoman, who will speak on "Woman's Place in Municipal Housekeeping." J. Emmett Hayden of the San Francisco board of supervisors will have as his topic the "Peninsula." Mayor James Rolph Jr. as well as Mrs. Rolph have promised to be present on the evening which will mark the second birthday of the county boosters. Reservations for the dinner can be made now at the office of the association and should be accompanied by check—\$2 per plate.

SERVICES AT THE METHODIST CHURCH

Sunday, June 1st. Sunday school 10:30 a. m. Mrs. E. G. Evans, superintendent. Senior Epworth League, 6:45 p. m. Topic, "The Cross of Jesus." Leader Mrs. Nola Jones. The public worship will take the character of a song service. Selections will be made from the new hymnals, the pastor will give a brief history of some of the famous hymns of the world, after which the hymns will be sung by the choir and congregation. Let all who love good music come and help sing. The Junior League will not meet till after "Children's Day" in the Sunday school.

JURORS INSPECT LONG BEACH PIER

Sixteen members of the Los Angeles County Grand Jury visited the scene of last Saturday's disaster at Long Beach and inspected the Auditorium, as well as the rotted timbers of the approach which collapsed at the Empire day celebration. Changes in the underpinning of the structure are expected to be ordered.

The Long Beach authorities are contemplating the appointment of a commission to investigate with the view to voluntary settlement of as many claims as possible. There are three possible causes and the experts will be required to choose between them.

The first is that the collapse was the result of weakness caused by dry rot of timbers and the corrosion of iron spikes and other fasteners by the salt air.

The second is that structural weakness permitted some of the pier supports to buckle and slip out of their mortises.

The third is that the structure was strong enough for ordinary occasions and circumstances, but that the strain produced by the Empire day parades marching in time was responsible for the accident.

If it is found that the measured tread of the marchers broke down a structure which otherwise would have upheld the weight of a capacity crowd, the city of Long Beach cannot be held responsible, and scores of suits said to be in preparation now cannot be successfully prosecuted.

Probably the Germ.

Mr. Greene was threatened with a contagious disease, and when his little son, Ned, who was of very affectionate disposition, came to embrace him before retiring he said:

"Neddie, my boy, you mustn't hug me. You'll catch the scarlet fever." Ned looked at his father in amazement for a moment. Then he asked: "Say, father, who did you hug?"

DELINQUENT TAX LIST

—OF THE—
CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

County of San Mateo, State of California,

For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1913

All property herein described is situated in said City of South San Francisco, and reference is hereby made to the maps of said city, in additions and subdivisions on file in the office of the County Recorder of San Mateo County.

Akins, S. L.—Lot 6, block 95. Total Tax and Costs.....	4.52
Avillio, Ant. M.—Lots 68, 69, block 97, Total Tax and Costs.....	2.50
Bollentini, A. and C. and E.—West one-half of lot 11, block 119. Total Tax and Costs.....	3.24
Brown, J. O. and wife—Lot 14 block 124. Total Tax and Costs.....	4.89
Bigot, Theo. and Louis—West 10 feet of lot 1, block 103. Total Tax and Costs.....	.85
Cloud, Myra S.—Lot 10, block 103. Total Tax and Costs.....	1.59
Hind, Louise M.—Lot 7, block 125. Total Tax and Costs.....	2.10
Jorgenson, J.—Lot 24, block 145 and personal property. Total Tax and Costs.....	8.00
Jorgenson, Jorgan—Lot 7, block 95. Total Tax and Costs.....	2.37
Maccario, Law.—West one half of lot 33, block 117. Total Tax and Costs.....	7.55
Munaville, Theelie—Lot 23, block 103. Total Tax and Costs.....	1.59
Patchell, Rob't K.—Lot 21, block 124. Lots 18-19-20, block 85. Total Tax and Costs.....	11.41
Stefani, Giovanni—West one half of lot 10, block 117. Total Tax and Costs.....	1.59
Tucker, Rob't H.—Lot 25, block 97. Total Tax and Costs.....	1.22
Unknown Owners—Lot 8, block 97. Total Tax and Costs.....	1.03
Giffra, Francisco—Lot 13, Map of Buckingham Subdivision of block 123 and personal property. Total Tax and Costs.....	4.88
Crooks, Catherine—13 acres of Tide Lands, Sec. 26, Township 3, Range 6. Total Tax and Costs.....	5.25
Burgett, Jared—Lot 3, block 7, Map Town of Baden. Total Tax and Costs.....	.74
Bartow, Hattie—Lot 24, block 8, Map Town of Baden. Total Tax and Costs.....	.74
Law, Hurland—Lots 41-42, block 1; lot 38, block 6; lots 42-48, block 7; lot 22, block 9; lot 27, block 4; Map of Town of Baden. Total Tax and Costs.....	1.80

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
County of San Mateo,
City of South San Francisco, ss.

Notice is hereby given that unless taxes delinquent mentioned in the foregoing delinquent list, together with costs and percentage thereon, are sooner paid, the real property described in said delinquent tax list, upon which taxes are a lien respectively, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay taxes, costs and percentage, will be sold at public auction at the time and place hereinafter mentioned, in the manner and under the conditions prescribed by law, and by ordinance No. 21 of the City of South San Francisco entitled "An ordinance providing a system for the assessment, levy and collection of all city taxes in the City of South San Francisco," passed the 19th day of April, 1909, which said ordinance and the official records showing the same are hereby expressly referred to, and the provisions thereof relating to delinquent taxes are hereby made a part hereof.

Time of Sale—TUESDAY, June 24, 1913, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 p. m., to-wit, 12 o'clock noon.

Place of Sale—In front of the City Hall, No. 310 Linden Avenue, between Grand and Miller Avenues, in the City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California.

All property hereinbefore described is in the City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California.

Dated at South San Francisco, California May 19, 1913.

H. W. KNEESE,
Marshal and Ex-officio Tax Collector of said City of South San Francisco.
5-31-4t

Just Arrived

A Complete Stock of
New Spring Styles

—OF—
L. A. Crossett and W. B. Douglas
SHOES

Standard Price Goods

Dowd's Shoe Store

NOTICE OF ELECTION

OF THE
Formation of a High School District.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 1725 of the Political Code of the State of California, as amended in 1911, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the qualified electors of the South San Francisco Grammar School District, County of San Mateo, State of California, that an election will be held on the 9th day of June, 1913, at the Public School House of said District, for the purpose of voting upon the question of the formation of a High School District to consist of the territory included within the said South San Francisco Grammar School District. The polls will be open between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m. and 7:20 o'clock p. m. The officers appointed to conduct the election are George E. Britton, Inspector, W. S. Taylor, Judge and George Kiessling, Judge.

Dated this 16th day of May, 1913.
ROY W. CLOUD,
County Superintendent of Schools.
5-24-3t

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

J. W. COLEBERD

Attorney at Law

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, San Mateo Co. Cal.

Phone Main 222

IVAN W. KEITH, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon

Office Hours: 2 to 4, 6:30 to 8 p. m.
405 Grand Avenue, South San Francisco, Cal.

Dr. J. C. McGovern

DENTIST

OFFICE: South San Francisco
Kauffmann Building San Mateo Co.

DR. H. G. PLYMIRE

Surgeon

Office. Hours
500 Grand Avenue 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

FRATERNAL DIRECTORY

FRANCIS DRAKE LODGE,
No. 376, F. & A. M.,
meets at Metropolitan
Hall first Friday every
month for Stated meetings.
E. P. KAUFFMANN, Master.
J. G. WALKER, Secretary.

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LODGE, No. 850, THE FRATERNAL BROTHERHOOD, meets every 2d and 4th Mondays in Lodge Hall.
C. F. GODDEN, President.
DORA HARDER, Secretary.

TIPPECANOE TRIBE No. 111, I. O. R. M., meets every Thursday evening at 8 p. m. in Metropolitan Hall. Visiting Bros. welcome.
J. RIORDAN, Sachem.
O. Lockhart, Chief of Records.

SOUTH CITY AERIE No. 1473, F. O. E., meets every Tuesday evening in Metropolitan Hall at 8 p. m. T. C. MCGOVERN, Worthy President. Geo. A. Kneese Secretary. Visiting brothers welcome.

SAN MATEO LODGE, No. 7, JOURNEYMEN BUTCHERS, P. and B. A., meets every 1st and 3d Mondays in the Lodge Hall, at 7:30 p. m.
CHAS. HEDLUND, President
C. L. KAUFFMANN, Secretary.

HOTELS

Linden Hotel

WOLGEVEN & FENGER, Props.

206-210 Linden Avenue
SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

Expert Hair Cutting, Hot
Baths, Razors Honed

—AT—
METROPOLITAN BARBER SHOP

PERILS AND INDIAN WARS OF PIONEERS

(Continued from Last Week.)

There was desultory fighting during the days that followed, but little resulted save the recapture of Captain Palma's silver-galooned hat, and the finding of varied spoils of the victims of the mission massacre. In the distance the Spaniards saw the smoke of fires where the Yumas were burning those slain in battle, with the clothing, horses and household goods of the dead.

The martyred priests, Father Garces and Father Berreneche, were found where "an Indian woman whoesteemed them highly had performed the kindly deed of burying them." Above them "a quantity of very fragrant camomile had grown." On the high altar in the burned church they placed the martyrs' relics, and troop and people recited the rosary in concert.

The expedition's altar for saying mass had gone astray on a pack mule. Twenty-five soldiers were sent out to look for the lost altar. "We regretted keenly," says Fages, "that a jewel of so much importance as this altar should remain in the possession of the infidels, and we be thus deprived of the spiritual nourishment of the celebration of the holy mass."

The rescued captives and the relics of the martyred priests were sent to Altar, while Fages went to the mission of Caborca to prepare for a new overland expedition. This set out February 27, 1782, to go from Sonora to the Mission of San Gabriel, "in the new settlements of Monterey."

Yuma spies were encountered near the Gila River. Nevertheless Fages and his soldiers forded the Colorado, and went boldly on in column, right through the midst of the villages of the three thousand Yumas. Though surrounded by shooting Indians, raising clouds of dust, the Spaniards marched on, unmolested. Then came forced marches, totaling over a hundred miles, without a drop of water, and with little pasturage, and then a water-hole, from which wretched water was scooped up in kettles for the animals to drink. On the further edge of the desert one Pachula, the captain of a native village, gave them mescal, and with his son and two other Indians joined them for the rest of the journey, through the mountain passes and on to San Gabriel, where they arrived March 26, 1782.

A week later the indefatigable Fages set out with twenty men to go back to the Colorado River, to carry orders to soldiers now waiting there. Arriving at the worst portion of the desert, he caught his supplies, and with three days' rations only, placed on a mule, went on into enemy's country.

By night the horses were kept saddled, the bridles on the saddle horns. Two hours before daybreak two soldiers went reconnoitering, looking by the light of cigarettes for Indians tracks. Next day they joined the camp of their fellow soldiers on the river, and learned from friendly Indians that the Yumas had temporarily exiled themselves, abandoned their fertile bottom lands, burned their villages and various effects, and gone off to engage in a bloody war with the Jalchedunes.

That the Indians in the mountains about San Diego were in a state of semi-insurrection was news that reached Fages on his return journey, at Pachula's village, on the western edge of the desert. "I thought I might observe their movements and make them feel some respect if I should change my route and pass through their territory on my way," says Fages. Pachula and thirty of his Indians wanted to go along. This prospect was not at all agreeable to Colonel Fages, so he told the interpreter to dissuade Pachula, because on his return "the Camillares Indians of the mountains would kill him and all his people, since they were enemies. I also represented to him that we were not going to the mission, but to embark at San Diego. This displeased them all, especially Pachula, who threw down his can as if he were offended, saying he no longer wanted to be captain. I again began to persuade him affectionately through the interpreter that all I had said was for his good and because I loved him very much; but as he insisted that it was only to keep them from going in our company (which was true), I told

him that he might go by the other road which he knew from having gone over it before with me. By these words I was able to convince him."

Proceeding westward, past the "Three Palms," and camping next day by a spring "near which there were three or four very tall palm trees," the Spaniards crossed a high range of mountains, and found a different climate, and numerous groves and pines and other trees. The Indians were unarmed and friendly. After passing through much rugged country, they came to the valley of San Luis, where there was a little village, and Indians were milking their cows, and mission cattle and breeding mares were pasturing. And so they came to the mission of San Diego, "enclosed all around, with ravelins at the four corners. The church is well ornamented, but rather small, considering the number of Indians who attend it. In things spiritual it is prosperous, in things temporal it is somewhat lacking, on account of the scarcity of water from which it suffers." Next day they visited the Royal Presidio of San Diego, two days later the flourishing mission of the San Juan Capistrano, and on April 25, 1782, proceeding "over level, well-grassed land," arrived at the Mission of San Gabriel, whence they sent a messenger to Governor Felipe de Neve, "who was in the new settlements on the Canal de Santa Barbara."

And for his gallantry and judgment, Colonel Fages soon thereafter was made Governor of the Californias.

The manuscript in which Fages wrote down his vivid narrative of these adventures was long in the archives at Monterey, and in 1897, as part of the Robert E. Cowan Collection, was presented to the University by the late Collin P. Huntington. It is now printed by the University of California for the first time, as part of the Publications of the Academy of Pacific Coast History, a series under the general editorship of Professor Frederick J. Teggart of the University.

POWERS DEMAND END OF THE WAR

Balkan States Must Sign Peace Compact

The growing displeasure in diplomatic circles of the great powers at the attitude of Greece and Serbia found expression in what practically amounts to an ultimatum, which Sir Edward Grey, the British Secretary for Foreign Affairs, delivered to the delegates of the belligerents.

The communication, which was couched in strong phrases without ambiguity, made it clear that enough time had been spent in futile discussions of the peace settlement, and that the moment had arrived for signing the treaty draft.

It was pointed out that the proposed modifications were useless in those cases which had been left in the hands of the powers. Consequently the delegates were informed that a decision had been reached that peace should be signed forthwith without modification.

The Servians and Greeks have notified their home governments of this situation and are now awaiting instructions. The Turks and Bulgars are ready to sign and it is not expected that the Montenegrins will offer objections.

Some of the Balkan delegates express the opinion that the communication of the powers savors more of intervention than of mediation. But the real reason behind the ultimatum lies in the determination of the diplomats to get the draft signed so as to be in a position to take up the big questions remaining for settlement after the preliminaries of peace are adopted.

A Constantinople dispatch says the Council of Ministers has decided to reject all modifications of the peace draft suggested by the allies.

The recent rain did much damage to cut hay and to cherries, but the benefits far surpass the injury. This rain is particularly valuable coming at this time, as it will replenish somewhat a very scant water supply.

At daybreak in Ciudad Juarez Sunday two men faced their death at a public execution. The affair proved to be the chief Sunday attraction for residents of the Mexican border town.

GOVERNOR SIGNS MANY MEASURES

500 More Bills to Be Considered by Executive

Executive approval of fifty-three bills was announced from the office of Governor Hiram Johnson. Five hundred more bills passed at the last legislative session remain on the Governor's desk. Governor Johnson has until June 16th to affix his signature.

Senator Boynton's "net container" act and the "full crew" bill, also by Boynton, were among the principal measures in the fifty-three bills chaptered. Others by Boynton signed were:

Providing indemnity to persons erroneously convicted of felonies to an amount not exceeding \$5000; 202, giving the State Lunacy Commission power to collect money for the care of insane persons from relatives or guardians.

Senator E. A. Birdsall's bill raising the "age of consent" from 16 to 18 years, and Senate Bill 55, providing a maximum sentence of fifty years imprisonment for assault upon women, also met with executive approval.

Assembly bill 795 (Slater), providing that both parents of an illegitimate child are liable for its support, and Assembly bill 758 (Murray), prohibiting the board of prison directors from selling to one person more than 10,000 jute bags, were two other important bills which the Governor announced he had signed.

Assemblyman W. C. Clark's bill amending the present law to provide for keeping the polls open on election day until 7 p. m., instead of 6 p. m., as now, and Senator Shanahan's bill providing for the direct election of United State Senators by the people, passed the executive gauntlet successfully.

Assembly bill 1735, Bohnett, providing that Judges may force voters to read and pronounce correctly 100 consecutive words in the State Constitution before they are permitted to vote received executive approval.

Several special appropriation bills were also signed by the Governor.

TERSE CALIFORNIA NEWS

Because of his work in saving the hog-growers of California a quarter of a million dollars a year, Dr. Clarence H. Haring has been promoted to be professor of veterinary science at the State University at Berkeley. He is the one who made a serum which renders swine immune against hog cholera.

The first automobile to enter Yosemite National Park arrived at Yosemite village at 9:20 a. m., May 25th, and was driven by P. J. Walker, president of the Automobile Club of California. The machine was met at the park boundary by Major Littebrant, superintendent of the park. The Major rode in with the machine to Yosemite.

A cordon of Los Angeles city and county officers was drawn around the Vernon "Country Club" in accordance with a plan evolved by Assistant District Attorney Ford, Sheriff Hammell, Chief of Police Sebastian and members of the Humane Society to halt the mills of crime that are turning out wayward girls and degenerate young men.

With the enforcement in Los Angeles on and after June 3rd of the new traffic ordinance requiring all vehicles to stop until standing street cars are in motion, one more will be added to the woes of automobilists and vehicle drivers. The new provision will be effective throughout the day and night in the residence and outlying business sections and in the congested district.

The County Treasurers from all over California were in session at Sacramento Saturday in the office of the State Treasurer at the Capitol and transacted the regular yearly work of the County Treasurers' Association and discussed measures passed by the Legislature and held a sort of free-for-all conference on office methods and selected the officers for the ensuing term. The Treasurers also made their settlements with the State Treasurer and the State Controller for the second installment of taxes due from the counties.

For using the mails in advertising her services in the direction of race suicide, Mrs. Leonora Hodges of Oakland, 70 years old, was fined \$500 by United States District Judge Van Fleet. Mrs. Hodges was arrested by postoffice inspectors in Oakland last

year in the general raid by the Federal authorities. Mrs. Hodges having pleaded guilty, Marshall B. Woodworth, her attorney, asked for clemency on the ground of her advanced age and enfeebled physical condition. Judge Van Fleet gave the woman a severe lecture on the enormity of the practice in which she had been engaged, and expressed his determination rigorously to punish all offenders of like kind.

The Miners' Congress in session at Redding adopted resolutions asking that the State and Government co-operate in the investigation of the so-called smelter nuisance and that a thorough and well-organized and unbiased opinion be rendered. The mining men showed facts and figures to prove that the smelting of ores as handled under the present modern methods was not injurious to crops and that farmers in the immediate vicinity of the smelters and in the so-called affected districts would harvest record crops this year despite the effects of fumes from the smelters. The congress adjourned after electing officers for the coming year, and choosing Ashland, Oregon, for the 1914 convention city.

The honor of producing the earliest ripe peaches in the State has been accorded to J. H. Legget, who has consigned a box of perfectly-ripened fruit to the East. The peaches were grown upon land worked over by gold-dredgers, the tailing piles left in the wake of the gold boats being leveled. The fruit sent East was perfectly ripened and was large and luscious. Last year the earliest Tokay grapes in the State were produced on this ground. The orchard has attracted widespread attention among horticulturists. There was no soil placed upon the rock. The early ripening fruit is ascribed to the fact that the rocks retain the heat. With the rocks is as much soil as there was in the first place. The rocks are now on top and the soil on the bottom.

San Jose hit the high cost of living a solar plexus blow recently when, under the direction of the city administration a free market was opened on South Market street at the City Hall Park. A score of produce wagons came for the opening, and long before the selling day was over every scrap of salable goods that they brought had been disposed of and a crowd clamored for a chance to purchase. Market Master Joseph Napoli declared that the first day's business demonstrated that producers received 25 per cent more for their sales than they could get from the middleman, and that buyers saved a minimum of 25 per cent by doing business direct with the producers. Measures were taken to prevent any of the sellers disposing of their choice stuff to the wholesalers and palming off inferior products at the free market. A nominal charge is being made to sellers.

Elastic Corset Laces.

If corsets are laced with elastic instead of with the ordinary corset strings they will be found much more comfortable, as the elastic gives much more freedom to the body. Any woman knows that corsets cannot be dispensed with, masculine dress reformers to the contrary notwithstanding. It is not only a matter of beauty of form, but the corsets are an actual support, and without them a woman has an "all gone feeling." With the substitution of elastic for the usual corset laces all objectionable features to the corset are removed. It is no longer an "instrument of torture."

ROOSEVELT TELLS WHAT HE DRINKS

Stranger to Cocktails and Also to Highballs

Theodore Roosevelt, a picture of ruddy vigor and perfect health, turned a square head and a square jaw in the direction of twelve farmers, teamsters, miners and woodmen in court at Marquette, Mich., and gave his character for sobriety as not a total abstainer, but never intoxicated in his life. His testimony corroborated that of others who followed.

When Mr. Pound, his counsel after a brief outline of the plaintiff's case to the jury, called the Colonel to the witness stand the latter jumped briskly forward.

The witness expressed a detestation for whisky and beer. Of the latter, he could remember having taken only one mouthful in his life. That was at the Deutschers' Club in Milwaukee, where he was urged to pay the tribute of a swallow of the amber brew which forms one of the city's leading industries. As for whisky, he got it mostly under protest upon insistence of his doctors, who put a teaspoonful of it in goblets of milk when they sometimes pressed upon him on occasions of extreme fatigue in the midst of political campaigns.

In epitome, the former President's testimony showed that he drank liquor or wine only when compelled to for indisposition or when the conventionalities of public occasions required, except that he takes a glass of light wine, rarely two glasses, with his meals.

Much of the succeeding testimony was introduced to indicate that the plaintiff's physical vigor, his functional perfection, his violence of exercise, and his immense capacity for work could not exist in the person of an individual who got "drunk and that not infrequently," as the alleged libelous editorial in the Iron Ore charged.

HIGH COURT ENDS DEPORTATION CASE

Under the text of a decision rendered by the United States Supreme Court, a copy of which has been received by the immigration authorities at Angel Island, aliens who have resided in this country for three or more years cannot escape deportation on the ground that the three years' stay in the United States establishes them as residents and puts them beyond the pale of the immigration laws.

The Supreme Court declares that an alien is an alien, whether he has resided here one month or fifty years, and it clears the way for the immigration authorities to prosecute undesirable aliens, a campaign that was halted in the midst of its activity by an appeal to the high tribunal.

The decision, according to one Angel Island official, will have a vital effect in the prosecution of the anti-white slave crusade, enabling the immigration authorities to deport many traffickers, instead of jailing them at Government expense.

The tallest and the shortest peoples of Europe, the Norwegians and the Laubs, live side by side.

WE ARE YOUR FRIEND AFTER THE FIRE

When your house is burning your neighbors will stand around until it is a pile of ashes. We go right after your money for you. Our companies all pay their losses in cash. No waiting nor parleying. We keep up with your policy. That's our business and only business.

THAT'S WHY WE ARE YOUR FRIEND AFTER THE FIRE

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Real Estate and Fire Insurance
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MADAME DU BOIS 12 IN 1

Reversible Coat Dress

Patent Pending. Eight changes in the Waist. Four changes in the Skirt. All seams finished on both sides. No raw edges. Thirty-two stitches in buttons. Flawless button holes. Slips on like a coat. Most perfect workmanship on any wash garment ever sold.

PRICE, \$1.95

W. C. SCHNEIDER

227 GRAND AVENUE South San Francisco

Woman's World

Mrs. Ralph Pulitzer Fairy
Godmother to "Newsies."



MRS. RALPH PULITZER.

Mrs. Ralph Pulitzer, wife of the editor of the New York World, is playing the part of fairy godmother to the newsboys of the metropolis.

Mrs. Pulitzer, who is a daughter of Dr. Seward Webb and a granddaughter of the late William H. Vanderbilt, is the originator of a scheme for the social betterment of the "newsies." She is chairman of a committee to raise funds for the erection of a clubhouse for the little waifs who earn their living by selling papers in the streets.

Mrs. Pulitzer proposes to give these youngsters a common home where they can get the right kind of enjoyment out of life, and she hopes similar movements will be taken up in other cities.

Entertains at Summer Resort.

Any girl who is talented as a singer, piano player, fancy dancer or elocutionist can earn considerable money by applying early in the spring to proprietors of the large summer hotels to be engaged to entertain their guests. One elocutionist who teaches a dramatic school in the winter spends her vacations profitably in this way at a different summer resort each year. She has her choice of a room and board at the hotels in exchange for her services or of receiving a salary and rooming and boarding elsewhere.

As she is a dainty, refined, fascinating and well educated little woman, she makes many friends each summer among the wealthy guests and returns to her classes each autumn greatly benefited in health, besides being richer in friends.

It proves also a good advertisement for her, as she generally adds more scholars to her classes each year in consequence.

Beatrice Herford's Geography.

There's another Beatrice Herford story going the rounds just now.

The story goes that on a recent visit to London Miss Herford was one night allotted a very famous geographer as her dinner partner. He proved extremely agreeable and had much to tell her of certain charming out of the way English villages unknown to the American tourist.

"Do you happen to know a little place called Winkle?" asked Miss Herford innocently.

"Winkle, Winkle," repeated the great geographer. "Hum, ha, no, I don't seem to remember any place named Winkle."

"Well, that's as near as I can come to the pronunciation of it," pursued Miss Herford. "It is spelled, W-I-N-K-L-E."

Don't you hope for his own sake he was "quick on the uptake" with a sense of humor as big as his reputation?

The Futurist Fan.

A new place has been found for the distinctive bunch of futurist flowers. They have been used at the corsage, on the hat, at the belt and on the neck ruff. Behold them now fastened pertly to net, lace or ivory fan! They are effective, too, the gaudy stiff flowers against the dainty white fan. They are generally caught about the stems to the outside stick of the fan, and one of the flowers is fastened securely in place farther along the stick. Arranged in this manner they do not interfere with the opening and shutting of the fan.

The woman who can use a paint brush can make a futurist fan of a different sort by decorating a net or

lace fan with spots and blotches of brilliant color—cerise, orange, purple and bright green—in oil paints.

The Useful Stool.

Many women have found that it is much wiser to sit down to work at such tasks as washing dishes, preparing vegetables and even ironing. Hulling strawberries, grating various materials, etc., all become pleasant and easy tasks if done sitting down. A high office stool should be in every kitchen. It can be slipped under the sink or the kitchen table and relieves the strain from many tasks. Such a stool can be bought for about \$1.25. It is generally too high, but a few inches taken from each leg will suit it to your individual needs.

Test Your Dress Samples.

To find out whether a fabric claimed to be all wool contains cotton or not boil a sample in a strong solution of caustic soda, obtainable at any drug store. The wool will dissolve with this test, and if there is any cotton in the sample it will remain unharmed.

To test silk soak sample in concentrated hydrochloric acid, which will at once dissolve the silk, leaving the other fibers untouched.

Linen suspected of containing cotton should first be boiled in clear water. After drying place the sample for seven minutes in a mixture composed of three parts sulphuric acid and two parts nitrate of potash. Wash the sample again and dry; then place in a mixture of ether and alcohol. This will dissolve the cotton and leave the linen untouched. Use a small stick when testing. It only takes a few moments to make a test, and you are then sure of the quality paid for.

Frocks and Frills.

The new sleeves are wrapped so tightly that their wearer can with difficulty lift her arms.

The prettiest evening petticoats are of white crepe de chine, lace trimmed and dotted with chiffon buds.

The coloring of a bird is carried out in many of the costumes, and the bird of paradise lends itself admirably to this idea.

Even the most exquisite lingerie costume put together by hands with motifs of real lace shows the products of the embroidery loom.

The lingerie frock for this season has two distinctive features, one of inevitable touch of color in the girdle, sash or buttons, and the other is the conspicuous use of machine made embroidery.

Net is another salient feature of the lingerie gown. It may form a plaited skirt under a tunic of embroidered flouncing, it may be introduced as medallions or create a soft veiling to the embroidery.

Various styles of rhinestone ornamented barrettes, hair ornaments and bar pins instead of being in tortoise or amber are made of light transparent colored composition in tones of blue, amethyst, green, etc. The effect is beautiful.

MODIFIED STYLES.

A Slashed Skirt
That Is Modest.



OF STRIPED SERGE.

Width has been given to this very narrow skirt by a deep buttoned slash under which are inserted flatly pressed plaits. The model, particularly smart in its details of cut and finish, is fashioned from striped serge. A coat of the same material is added to the skirt, but a plain colored coat would be very natty worn with the striped jupe.

Points for Mothers

The Hour Before Bedtime.

The best hour of the day to many little people is the delightful time just before Old Man Nod comes to take them away to Sleepy Hollow.

Card houses are ever popular, and threading beads, discovered in the treasure house of mother's workbox. Acting a story is the very best, for does it not include "dressing up?" And what girl child can resist the charms of a long train and a feather in her hair?

The old fairy tales, "Beauty and the Beast," "Cinderella" and "Little Red Riding Hood," all make delightful impromptu plays.

The Beast, ferocious and lifelike beneath his shaggy hearth rug; Beauty, asleep on a pile of cushions in a satin gown and a royal crown of cardboard and tinsel; Red Riding Hood, all in scarlet, and the Wolf, quite ready to eat her, in daddy's motorcoat, are a never ending source of merriment.

Plays of this kind have a twofold value. Besides amusing the children they bring out their originality and imaginative powers, and "make-believes" of all sorts are preferable to "ready made" games.

It is not wise, however, to let the little ones get too excited so soon before bedtime, and a careful mother will call for order and a few minutes' rest before the clock strikes.

"I'll tell you a story" has a wonderful power to restore calm again, but especially with nervous and delicate children is it dangerous to set the little brains a-working on any excitable topic, and great care must be taken as to the theme of the tale, for nightmares and restless dreams are the inevitable result. In the case of occasional sleeplessness a cupful of hot milk is the best of all sedatives.

The Children's Supper.

"The question of supper for the baby and growing child is a very important one," says Marianna Wheeler, an authority on infant hygiene. "The method by which the food is administered is also important. No matter how carefully a supper may be planned, it will disagree with the child if it is swallowed in large mouthfuls, only half chewed, or if the dishes meant to be temptingly hot are served almost cold; if it is hastily washed down with large drafts of cold water, or even milk, for that matter, or if on top of the supper candy is allowed or even a very rough and exciting romp. All these petty details are of great importance if the supper hour is to be a successful one and is to prepare the child for the quiet sleep so necessary to his growth.

"Whatever food is intended to be taken hot should be fed to the child at a uniform temperature, the last spoonful being of the same degree of warmth as the first. To accomplish this the pretty nursery hot water plates have been invented which are now so much in vogue. With one of these it will not be necessary to hurry the meal in order that the food shall not grow cold. For cereals, milk toast, egg, fish, etc., these plates should always be used. I do not mean that a child should be allowed to play or prolong the supper unnecessarily; he should be made to attend to his meal properly. But he should not be made to hurry. A good rule to give a child is to chew each piece of food twenty times."

Don'ts For the Mother of Boys.

Don't think that a little boy must necessarily be less polite and well-mannered than a little girl. He is often shyer than his sisters, but this is no reason why you should excuse him for abruptness and rudeness. Self-controlled, courteous manners are quite as necessary for a man as a woman, and the fact that your son is naturally shy should make you more than ever particular with him on this point.

Don't think that the only punishment which affects a boy at all is a whipping. Boys are even more sensitive than girls, and they feel a sharp word quite as keenly. Though less ready to cry and say that they are sorry than their sisters, they take a scolding quite as much to heart.

Baby's Teeth.

After the baby is five or six months old, if it cries or frets in any way, the young mother is more than likely to think that the trouble is being caused by its teeth.

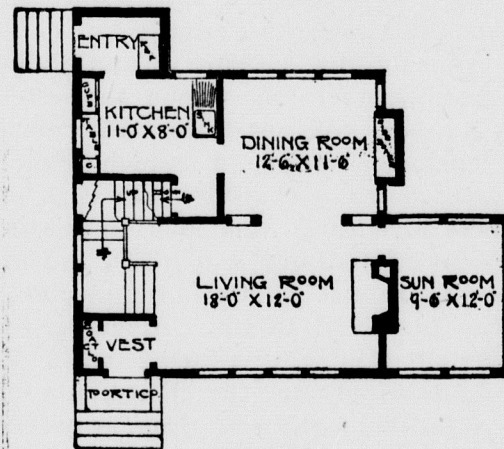
If the baby is getting the proper kind and amount of nourishment that it ought to its teeth will not bother it. If you cannot find out just what makes the baby fret ask your family doctor.

A NEAT DESIGN FOR ROUGH CAST.

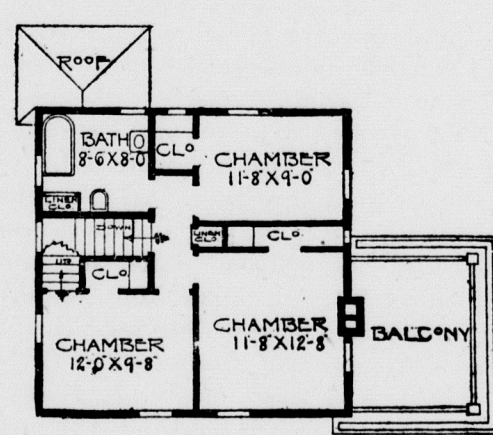
Design 989, by Glenn L. Saxton, Architect, Minneapolis, Minn.



PERSPECTIVE VIEW—FROM A PHOTOGRAPH.



FIRST FLOOR PLAN.



SECOND FLOOR PLAN.

Here is a design in the Craftsman style of architecture that is especially planned for a short lot. The house is carefully arranged and well equipped. There is a living room across the entire front, with sun room adjoining. The sun room gives a habitable piazza the year around. There is an open fireplace at one end of the living room and an open stairway at the other. The dining room and living room are thrown together by a square columned archway. There is a grade door under the main stairs. In the second story there are three large chambers, bathroom and closet space; also a large balcony over the sun parlor. There is a full basement. First story, nine feet; second story, eight feet. Finish throughout first story birch or red oak; finish in second story pine to paint. Birch or maple floors throughout entire house. Size over main part, twenty-five feet wide and twenty-five feet deep. Cost to build, exclusive of heating and plumbing, \$2,850.

and, if he understands the case, in all probability he will tell you to either change the food or to increase the amount.

Proper food and fresh outdoor air will carry the baby safely through this period that used to be dreaded so much by all mothers. With these two the child cannot help but take long, refreshing naps and will also sleep well at night.

Do not take off the flannel band until the child is at least three weeks old, and even after that in most changeable climates it is wise to have some flannel about the baby's body. The other garments may be very thin, and this keeps the little one comfortable during the hot summer days without allowing it to catch cold.

Hints For the Cook.

Salt tends to darken cabbage, cauliflower or brussels sprouts.

Tie cauliflower and cabbage in a piece of cheesecloth. It is then easy to handle and keeps its shape.

Slice eggplant with a silver knife. Always wash a dozen pea pods to cook with the peas. This gives them a better flavor.

Peas are delicious when cooked in the pod. The pods burst open and rise to the top; the peas settle to the bottom.

Vegetables thoroughly ventilated while cooking are thought to be more wholesome and of better flavor.

Vegetables should not be cooked in an iron kettle.

Cook vegetables as soon after gathering as possible.

Cook dandelions, spinach, green peas, cauliflower, cabbage and brussels sprouts uncovered.

Vacant Lot Improvement.

A variation of the rather familiar custom of offering prizes for the most improved front yards in a town is the offer of prizes for the greatest improvement in vacant lots, this improvement to include cleaning up and planting grass, flowers or vegetables. The plan is being tried by the Salem (Ill.) Civic league, and, very wisely, the terms of the contest do not require that only the owners of such lots shall compete. Any one who can obtain the use of a vacant lot may enter the competition. This will undoubtedly mean the improvement of a great many lots.

Silk Coats For White Frocks.
Extremely chic is this combination of draped white skirt and coquettish



DRAPED SKIRT AND BLOUSE COAT.

little blouse coat finished off with a sash knotted in front.

Blue and white are the colors, and the shirred lace hat is trimmed with pink roses.

Garden Wrinkles.

Do you desire a long season of lilies of the valley? Then plant clumps on each of the four sides of the house, and your desire will be gratified in a very simple fashion. Those on the south side will bloom first. The others will come along in succession as the weather warms up, those on the north side flowering last.

Mignonette makes an excellent house plant if seeds are sown in pots late in the summer.

Cousin Danny

He Had the Klondike Fever

By CLARISSA MACKIE

When Danny Roland went to seek his fortune in the Klondike he carried with him the prayers and loving thoughts of his aunt and cousins with whom he had made his home since an early orphaned boyhood.

"We'll all ride in automobiles when I come back!" shouted Danny over his shoulder to the little group on the station platform.

Four long years passed after Danny went away to the gold country, and now the Rolands had news of his homecoming. They had heard from him as often as the postal facilities would admit, for sometimes he was far from any station. At first he had written of the country, the people, the strange, new life and of his hopes for success. When he returned with the gold that must surely be his for the taking they would leave the little Californian home among the roses and fare forth to some large city of the eastern states where the greatest enjoyment is supposed to be extracted from the possession of money. That was during the first two years. Since then Danny's letters had been less confident, and there was between the lines a vague, homesick longing that impelled Mrs. Roland to urge her nephew to return home whether he had attained his coveted object or not.

"Poor Danny," murmured Rose Roland as her mother finished reading the last letter. "How eager he was when he went away from us and how

come. I must peg out a new place for myself in Los Angeles."

"Then you're going back on your promise to go home with me?" demanded Danny fiercely.

"Not at all," explained Arthur Clifford. "Only I was just moaning a little moan because I didn't have a loving aunt and two pretty cousins to greet me. It's fine of you, Dan, to ask me to go with you. I wish you wouldn't insist on my accompanying you to the house tonight. Surely they will want to see you alone the first."

"Shut up!" commanded Dan crisply. "They will be delighted to see any man who saved my life. I hope you don't think I have forgotten about that ice gorge and how you—"

"It's your turn to shut up," grinned this companion. "If I'm not mistaken this is Los Angeles, eh?"

"Come on, then," and Danny wormed himself down the aisle as the train drew to a creaking, wheezing standstill. After they had claimed their baggage and given orders for its delivery—Danny's to his suburban home and Arthur Clifford's to a convenient hotel—they boarded a trolley car which would take them within a mile of their destination.

As the car whizzed out Danny's heart beat faster and a slow red burned into his cheeks. His homecoming was a very different one from that he had planned four years ago, when the spirit of adventure laid a strong hold upon him and led him far away from the vineyard and the little bungalow.

Now he could see that he had perhaps neglected a son's duty in leaving the three women of his family to manage the vineyard as best they could with hired help while he went rainbow chasing to the cold regions of the north. That was what he called it, "rainbow chasing," and it is just as profitable," he muttered to himself as the car reached its terminus and they tumbled out.

Their way lay through hedges of wild roses and eucalyptus. In the background were groves of orange and sunny slopes gray-green with young olive trees. There were the smell of honeysuckle and geranium and the song of many birds.

The two young men swung along the beautiful highway, one with a rapidly beating heart at the coming reunion, the other with a pleasant sense of expectation in the new friends he was about to make. Surely if they were Dan Roland's people they would be friends of his.

During the long nights when the comrades had slept together in the northern cold each had confided to the other all his history, and Dan Roland's had chiefly to do with his aunt and cousins, and he had talked so much about them that Arthur Clifford began to feel that he, too, was acquainted with them. He had almost fallen in love with sweet Rose, whose picture was included in the three which Dan treasured.

"Here we are!" shouted Danny excitedly, and he ran forward the last few steps that separated them from a rustic gate set in a privet hedge, which in its turn was half smothered in Cherokee roses. Clifford hung back that his friend might have his meeting uninterrupted, and he bore no grudge that Danny forgot him for the moment.

Three women sitting in the veranda of the bungalow were gathered into his arms, and there were laughter and tears mingled with their joyous reception of the cousin who was more like a son and brother than a more distant relation. Clifford turned his back on the happy scene and looked away over the flower decked fields. Danny's voice brought him up the gravelled path to the foot of the steps, where he stood with bared head while he was introduced to Mrs. Roland and her two lovely daughters.

"I am so glad that our little house is roomier than it looks," said Mrs. Roland cordially. "Danny's friend must not think of going to a hotel, Mr. Clifford."

Arthur Clifford expressed his thanks and was only too glad to accept the warm invitation to remain a little while. He had scarcely taken his eyes from Rose's face, except when he saw that his glance embarrassed her, and then he stole a look now and then to satisfy himself that she was flesh and blood and not some beautiful creation of his imagination which might vanish at any moment.

Danny was relating to his cousins the story of how Arthur Clifford had saved his life two years before and how ever since that thrilling rescue they had been chums and inseparable friends. Beth sat entranced under the spell of his graphic recital. This cousin was far handsomer than her knight of the air castle, and her maiden heart was stirred strangely.

When they went in to the luncheon that Mrs. Roland had prepared Danny paused for a moment with one hand on the back of his chair. "Aunt Celia," he said soberly, "this is a very different homecoming from the one I had planned when I went away. Do you remember my airy promises of

automobiles and Paris gowns and a palace in New York, to say nothing of steam yachts and horses? Here I am, not a penny richer by my gold digging, bringing a fellow prospector home with me, one whose fortune has been the same as my own, and yet you welcome us as if we were returning home laden with Klondike spoils." He looked around at the three loving faces with tear dimmed eyes.

"But, Danny, dear," protested gentle Mrs. Roland, "you know we never cared about the money. We would rather have had you with us than all the gold in the world. Money isn't everything, my dears." She smiled on them as they gathered around the table, and she poured the tea while her eyes glistened with happiness.

The rose covered bungalow still stands behind the privet hedge. Mrs. Roland and her youngest daughter and her daughter's husband live there, for Beth is married to Danny.

Not far away is another little home, where Arthur Clifford and his wife, Rose, live an ideal existence among the roses. All about them spread the profitable vineyards and the sunny olive slopes. In their hearts is a great contentment that money cannot purchase.

"We came back practically poor men, yet we would not change places with the richest Klondike millionaire," Danny Roland said once, and Arthur Clifford emphasized his concurrence in this statement with a look at his beautiful wife.

Dodged It.

The Rev. Dr. Howard, chaplain to Princess Augusta, was so fond of good living that he ran into debt with many of the tradesmen in his parish. It was in their special interests that he one day preached from the text, "Have patience, and I will pay you all." He spoke at great length on the virtues of patience and then proceeded: "I now come to the second part of my discourse, which is, 'and I will pay you all.' But that I shall defer to a future occasion."—London Tatler.

Getting Even With the Sultan.

The late William T. Stead, who died on the Titanic, was in Turkey once and was received by the sultan.

The sultan wanted to give Stead a present and offered him a fine jeweled cigarette case. Stead didn't smoke cigarettes, but he did want a jeweled cigarette case the sultan had. He tried diplomatically to make the exchange, but couldn't. The sultan wanted Stead to have the cigarette case.

"Very well," said Stead; "I will take the case, but only on the condition that I may be allowed to make your supreme highness a present in return."

The sultan consented. In telling the story Stead said: "I got even with him. I gave him a jeweled fountain pen, and he can't write."—Saturday Evening Post.

Its Conveyance Provided For.

G. R. Sims, the English author and playwright, in recalling experiences of his younger days, tells a story illustrative of the financial condition of those members of London's old time bohemian society who, he says, were not overparticular if their weekly expenses sometimes exceeded the weekly income. They had occasional acquaintance with law, but only a passing acquaintance with banks. He remembered a friend once receiving an open check for £50 from a publisher, and six of them accompanied him to the bank to cash it. When the cashier asked, "How will you take it, sir?" the friend replied, "Oh, that's all right, old chap; we have a cab outside!"

Gay Frocks For Children.

The fashion for Bulgarian colorings is as popular as ever, and its conquest is complete as regards some little frocks for children suitable for the spring.

Made of fine crash, cut in the Magyar shape, the hem and sleeves bordered with scarlet, the front embroidered in bright colors and the whole finished with a scarlet woolen girdle and tassels, they are delightful as play frocks and will wash well.

Little Dutch bonnets of the same material and worked in the same tints are the prettiest adjuncts to these small frocks.

THE TOWN OF NO-GOOD.

Kind friends, have you heard of the town of No-Good, on the banks of the river Slow, where the Some-time-or-other scents the air and the soft Go-easies grow? It lies in the valley of What's-the-use, in the province of Let-her-slide; it's the home of the reckless I-don't-care, where the Give-it-ups abide. The town is as old as the human race, and it grows with the flight of years; it is wrapped in the fog of the idler's dreams; its street are paved with discarded schemes and are sprinkled with useless tears.—New York Press.

The Scrap Book

Asking Too Much.

Assistant District Attorney Clark was conducting a case in the criminal court. A large, rough shouldered negro was in the witness chair. "An' then," said the witness, "we all went down in the alley an' shot a few crap." "Ah," said Mr. Clark, swinging his eyeglass impressively. "Now, sir, I want you to address the jury and tell them just how you deal craps." "Wass that?" asked the witness, rolling his eyes. "Address the jury, sir," thundered Mr. Clark, "and tell them just how you deal craps." "Lemme outen Leah," said the witness uneasily. "Firs' thing I know this gemman gwine ask me how to drink a sandwich."—Argonaut.

As You Go Through Life.

Don't look for the flaws as you go through life. And even when you find them it is wise and kind to be somewhat blind. And look for the virtue behind them. For the cloudiest night has a tint of light. Somewhere in its shadows hiding; it is better by far to hunt for a star than the spots on the sun abiding.

The current of life runs ever away To the bosom of God's great ocean. Don't set your force 'gainst the river's course. And think to alter its motion. Don't waste a curse on the universe—Remember it lived before you. Don't butt at the storm with your puny form. But bend and let it go o'er you.

The world will never adjust itself To suit your whims to the letter. Some things must go wrong your whole life long. And the sooner you know it the better. It is folly to fight with the Infinite. And go under at last in the wrestle; The wisest man shapes into God's plan As water shapes into a vessel. —Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

No Laughing Matter.

An American visiting in England encountered one afternoon in the hotel in London where he was stopping a Scottish kinsman. The Scot agreed to dine with the American, the cousins repaired to the grill, and after suitable preliminaries a steak was set before them. It was tough. The waiter was summoned. He was all apologies. "Another steak would be forthcoming, or chops if the gentlemen preferred."

"Hold on," said the Scot as his eye fell upon a dish of asparagus which supported the steak on one side. He carefully consulted the bill of fare. Asparagus was expensive just then. "I'll tell ye what we'll do, my man," he went on. "If ye'll no charge us for the asparagus we'll keep the steak."

The waiter seemed a bit startled, but accepted the compromise, and the American, who was paying the bill, concealed his amusement and allowed his guest's arrangement to stand. He even ate sparingly of the steak. A few days later he related the incident to another kinsman, also a Scot.

"It is what I should have done myself," said the other kinsman solemnly.—New York Post.

Keeping It Quiet.

Shortly after his election as president of the Royal academy Edward Poynter said: "My election as president of the Royal academy came more or less as a surprise. The first intimation I had of it was from old Sidney Cooper, who was always very friendly to me. He was deaf as a post and always talked, as some deaf people do, at the top of his voice. During the time when it was evident, from poor Millais' terrible state, that there must soon be another election to the presidency the varnishing days came around, when members are present in full force, and Cooper came up to me and said in a voice which could be heard by every one in the room, 'This is quite between ourselves, you know, but you are going to be the new president.'"

Proof Positive.

One of the wittiest men of a past generation of Englishmen was Bishop Samuel Wilberforce. Toward the end of a meeting at which he spoke, says Walter Jerrold in his "Book of Famous Wits," the audience began to disperse.

A gentleman whose name was on the program of speakers said to the bishop, "I need not speak; I hardly think they expect me."

"To be sure they do," said Wilberforce. "Don't you see they are all going?"

Comforting News.

A minister who preached for many years in a suburb of Cincinnati retired and went to Florida to live. After a year or so there he paid his first visit to New York in twenty years.

He wandered about for two days and then went to see an old Cincinnati friend.

"I have been watching the people in this city," said the dominie to his friend, "and I wonder and grieve at

the money madness I see everywhere. This rush and hurry and eagerness for money abashes me. It is astonishing! Why, down in Florida one can live in comfort for \$2,000 a year, but here they think and talk and act in terms of millions!

"It is all so vast and so complex!" he sighed. "Why, this afternoon I walked down by your tallest building. I stood on the curb and looked up and up and up, and tried to comprehend the immensity of that structure. My mind reeled. I felt faint and dizzy. I leaned against the building for support, and a passing newsboy chirped:

"Cheer up, old sport! It ain't agoin' to fall on you!" —Saturday Evening Post.

Nasturtiums For Bare Spots.

Plant nasturtiums wherever there is a bare spot in your garden; plant them wherever you think there is going to be a bare spot. They are among the most easily grown of flowers, and their showy blossoms, which flower until frost, can be used for cut flowers for the house all through the summer.

One gardener always plants nasturtiums about her hollyhocks. When she cuts down the stalks of the hollyhocks after the flowers have passed by—a practice, by the way, which keeps her plants strong and her flowers big—the nasturtiums are just ready to demand every inch of ground in sight, for after they pass their babyhood nasturtium plants are very greedy of room. In a few weeks more they begin to bloom and cover what would otherwise be bare spots in the garden with rioting color.

Another gardener plants nasturtium seeds among the bulbs in her hardy border. She does not remove the bulbs, but after the foliage of the bulbs turns sear and yellow she cuts it. Just about this time the nasturtiums are well under way, and they quickly cover the bulbs with a carpet of color and bloom.

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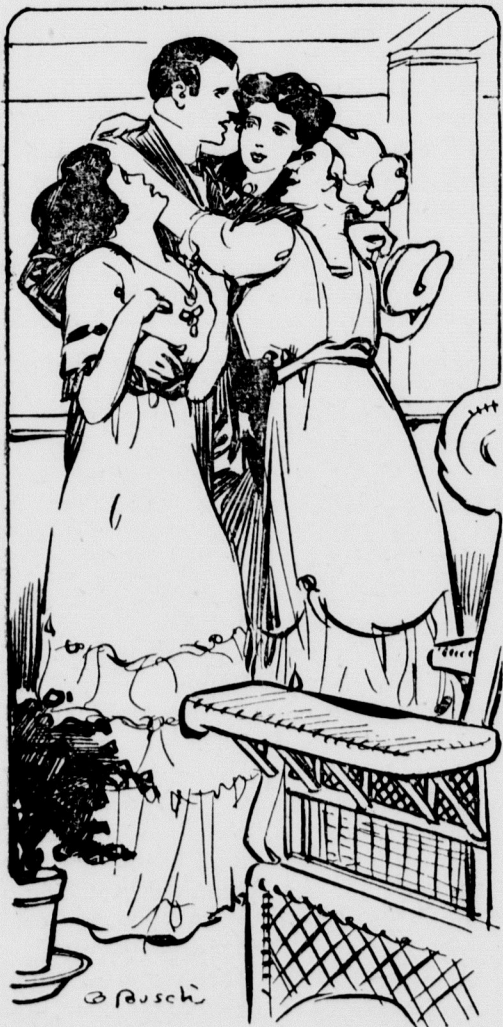
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THREE WOMEN WERE GATHERED INTO HIS ARMS.

hopeful his letters have been! Just think of the hardships he must have suffered in that cold, strange country!"

Beth smiled softly. She was the youngest, and she had missed Danny more than anybody else. To her the tall, handsome cousin was a gallant knight gone forth to seek fortune for his lady, who was imprisoned in a rose embowered castle.

"He should be home by the 1st of May. Don't you think so, mother?" asked Rose from her low seat near the open window.

"At the very latest. Now, daughters, remember that he must have a royal welcome, for think of his bitter disappointment at his failure to succeed in his undertaking."

"I always feel that those who make the failures of life should receive the warmest sympathy and tenderest welcome," said Rose quietly. "It is easy to bear success, but failure borne amid the silence of friends is twice bitter."

All the way down in the train to the little bungalow on the outskirts of Los Angeles Danny Roland talked to his traveling companion of the aunt and cousins whom he had left behind on his trip to the Klondike. They were both tall, stalwart, brown young men, with clear eyes and good, clean cut features. They did not look like two disappointed gold seekers, yet that is what they were.

"You will be glad to see your folks again, Dan," said the other rather wistfully. "I wish there was a welcome waiting for me somewhere; but, you know, all my people died before I left

SAN BRUNO NEWS.

We have had an acquisition to our town in the shape of two new automobiles. Dr. F. H. Smith drives a red runabout and John Bean of Lomita has a Chalmers touring car.

I have new houses in San Francisco, and acreage in the country to exchange for San Bruno property. Bargains in lots anywhere on the Peninsula. F. C. Russell, Box 182, San Bruno. Adv't.

In this column a short time ago it was stated that A. Baradat had undergone an operation for appendicitis. Mr. Baradat says this is a mistake. On the contrary he says his health has been and is of the very best.

For Sale—\$6000, bakery, lot 56x100, stock of goods, team, wagon, ovens, two story house, large barn and good well, in a thriving nearby town. J. M. Custer, San Bruno, Cal. Adv't.

Among the relics of California, one that played a very important part when California was admitted into the union, namely, a bell which announced the statehood of California, is on its way to San Francisco on board the Steamer Queen. The bell had been used for years in a lumber mill in the vicinity of Seattle until a commissioner of San Francisco learned its history and through his efforts the bell is on its way to San Francisco.

For Rent—5-room house with bath and all modern conveniences in San Bruno, block and a half from S. P. and electric car stations, rent reasonable. Apply to Mrs. J. F. Cullar, San Bruno.

The petition to the board of supervisors asking that an election be called to bring the matter of incorporation as a city of the sixth class before the electors of San Bruno, is receiving many signatures. The committee in charge of the petition consists of Messrs F. C. Russell, A. A. LoReaux and D. J. Lynch and they had secured nearly one hundred signatures by the middle of the week. Mr. Russell was appointed to take the place of Mrs. L. M. Pfluger who was unable to attend to the duties required.

High Class Motion Pictures at Green's Hall, San Bruno, every Saturday and Sunday evening, and Sunday matinee. Admission, adults 10 cents, children 5 cents. Show at 8.15 p. m., matinee 2:30 p. m. Adv't.

Last Sunday the M. E. Church of San Bruno observed Memorial Day in a very appropriate manner. Special music fitting the occasion was furnished by the choir and the following was rendered: Cornet solo, Mr. Bewley; vocal solo, Mrs. Mackey; instrumental solo, Mrs. Count. A short address on "Our Departed Heroes" by Pastor M. J. Williams; the Boys' Flute and Drum Corps played two patriotic airs; the program closing with the well known hymn, "Nearer My God, to Thee."

For Sale—In San Bruno, \$3500, new 5-room house, with 3 well improved lots; near Tanforan, \$1350, 4-room house, and two lots, \$12,50 month; Reis Tract, \$800, 2-room house, lot 35x100, \$8 month; \$800, 3-room house, lot 25x100, \$8 month. To Let—San Bruno, new 7-room house, bath, toilet, gas and electricity, \$15 month. J. M. Custer, San Bruno. Adv't.

The Brotherhood of American Yeoman, San Bruno Homestead, No. 910, is closing a special May campaign for new members. This is styled the adies' month and there are special prizes offered to the lady bringing in the most candidates. On Thursday evening there was a class initiation of twelve of these new candidates and they are planning for another class in about two weeks. The degree team has been practicing for some time to perfect themselves in the initiatory work and put it on in a very creditable manner. The social feature of the evening was a baby picture guessing contest. Many Yeoman brought pictures of themselves when they were less than six years old and the others had to guess who they were. Mrs. John Elefson won first prize for highest number guessed and also for being the prettiest baby. Mrs. Wm. Mueller won the second prize.

Last Wednesday afternoon the assembly hall of the San Bruno school building was crowded to its utmost capacity with the parents and friends of the school children to witness the "May Festival." Every number on

the program proved that the teachers had spared no pains in instructing and drilling the children for the afternoon's entertainment. The exhibition display will certainly be long remembered to those who took the opportunity to examine the work. There were exhibits of basket weaving, drawing, painting, writing and clay modeling which shows a great degree of talent being developed among our scholars. The following program was rendered: Crowning of the Queen; May Day song, the school; Danish Dance of Greeting; May pole dance; military discipline; "Looby Loo," folk song; recitation, "How Grandma Danced," Edith Emerick; solo, "Aloha," Lizzie Spinelli; drum corps; shoemaker, folk dance; doll show; wand drill; jig, Eillen Levere; "Flower Song," instrumental solo, Thomas Leach; wreath drill; "America" by all. The graduating class was composed of five of our fair maids, who are now qualified to enter any of our high schools and possibly through college. They are as follows: Misses Jessie Beaton, Marjorie Burress, Adele Doyle, Beatrice Noyer and Caroline Venable. The Boys' Flute and Drum Corps, an organization of which we are justly proud, presented a pleasing appearance in the natty uniforms of blue caps and coats trimmed in white and white duck trousers. They rendered several numbers in a manner which reflected great credit upon their leader. Henry Spaulding spoke of the good work accomplished during this year and with the moral and financial support of all the people of San Bruno a much greater work could be accomplished during the next year.

For Sale—6-room house, 2 lots, all modern, \$300 cash, balance \$20 a month; 5-room house, 1 lot, \$200 down, balance \$10 a month; lots on San Mateo avenue from \$850 up; store and one lot, \$50 down, balance \$10 a month; lot 103 foot frontage on San Mateo avenue, \$1800 cash; 5-room house, 2 lots, modern, \$1800, \$400 down, balance \$15 month; 3-room house, 2 lots, large barn, \$750 cash; 3-room house, modern, \$400 cash. L. M. Pfluger, San Bruno. Adv't.

Last Saturday night the colored population of San Bruno gathered at Green's Hall and at 8:30 put on one of the best minstrel shows ever given in this place. The following program was rendered to a very appreciative audience: Song, "Dem Golden Slippers," by the minstrel troupe; a few jokes, the Darkies; solo, Robt. Valentine, "Down by the Mississippi Shore;" monologue, Gladys Beckner; solo, C. Doyen, "Harmonie;" a few more jokes, the Darkies; banjo solo and chorus, Mrs. Valentine, Robt. Valentine and the troupe, entitled "Old Black Joe;" some more jokes, the Darkies; duet, Miss Everts and Miss Helen Smith, entitled, "Mammy's Little Pickaninny;" song, "Ain't It Awful," the troupe. Most of the darkies were very familiar residents of our town. Miss Jonsing was at first called Mr. Russell, then our ever busy Dr. Smith and at last she proved to be Mrs. Harry Grady of third addition. Robt. Valentine was immediately recognized by his voice as he called off the stunts. After the minstrel show those present dispersed to the dancing hall to dance until the small hours of the next morning. The floor manager and his two assistants proved to be three old residents of the burg—Messrs Custer, Grady and Holliday. Coffee and cake were served in the banquet hall by a committee of dusky ladies. We wish to say that elaborate plans were made for the "Cake Walk," but at the last moment the participants failed to appear, much to our regret, as it was to have been one of the most important features of the evening. The prize offered was an immense ladies' cake. Many thanks are due to the Harmonie Club and to those who rendered invaluable assistance to make the affair a grand success.

COURT NOTES.

Samuel Balenzuela against G. Ungaretti. Complaint filed for \$12.50 for board and room.

Beltramo against Southern Pacific Railroad Company. Suit for \$275 damages for killing a horse.

Geo. Albert Mayer. For wife abandonment.

Androni Agresti. Forfeited \$52.50 bail for failure to appear on battery charge.

J. M. Burke. Case continued two weeks from May 12d. Felony charge for obtaining money under false pretenses.

STANFORD PLANS NEW BUILDINGS

First Structure to Be Started in Near Future

In furtherance of the plans made by the Stanford University trustees at their last session for the development of a greater institution, announcement has reached the campus of the determination for rapid work on the new buildings projected. According to the plans given out, the new gymnasium, costing between \$50,000 and \$75,000, is to be given over entirely to the management of the associated student body through the student organizations. The trustees will provide the funds for construction, and the maintenance is to be left with the students. The new building is to be located near the present athletic fields. These fields are to be parts of the great stadium rivaling those of Harvard and Yale. The center field is to be surrounded with concrete bleachers capable of accommodating over 30,000 people. The foundation work will be begun as soon as possible as the embankment on which the concrete structure is to be built will be allowed two years in which to settle. As a temporary improvement a section of bleachers is to be constructed during the summer to fill in the vacancy on the northeast end of the Rugby turf.

This will be done to seat the crowd at the next intercollegiate football match between Stanford and California. The plan of obtaining money for the maintenance of the gymnasium will be through means of regular fees collected by the university instead of student collectors on registration day.

A special library committee has been named within the board of trustees to oversee the work of constructing the new library to replace the structure destroyed by the catastrophe of 1906. This is to be large enough to house a million volumes. The building will be located to the east of the present quadrangle, and will form the nucleus of a new group of buildings forming a new quadrangle.

With the determination of the trustees to limit the number of students who are to be allowed to matriculate at Stanford it has been decided to allow the faculty to fix the number of students wanted in each department. The funds of the university are to be used in promotion of a scheme for increased efficiency rather than increase in the enrollment.

Much of the revenue will come from the holdings of the university in various parts of the State.

The action of the trustees in planning the improvements on the athletic fields is an indication that there is no desire on their part to interfere with one of the greatest attractions of the present-day college life.

The trustees have also decided to send Dr. Ray L. Wilbur, dean of the Stanford Medical School, on a tour of the East during the summer to visit various colleges of medicine and hospitals to get plans for the enlargement of the medical department of the university. On his return work will be started on the additions to the Stanford medical department in San Francisco and to the enlargement of the Lane Hospital, which forms a part of the medical school.

GENERAL NEWS EVENTS

The sugar crop of Louisiana in 1912, owing to the spring floods, was the smallest since 1889, the Department of Agriculture announces.

Turkey has definitely ceded the Island of Cyprus to Great Britain, according to the Constantinople correspondent of the London Express, who claims to have received a formal statement to that effect from the best informed source. The cession of the island is said to have been due to clauses in the Anglo-Turkish entente.

A dispatch from Smyrna says that forty persons were drowned by the sinking of the steamer Nevada, which struck the mines in the Gulf of Smyrna. Shipping is completely paralyzed in these waters on account of the recent accidents due to mines. The companies have warned incoming steamers to remain away and outward bound vessels are afraid to leave port.

The fifty lads from the Columbia Park Boys' Club of San Francisco were guests in London of Sir Thomas Lipton, who took them to Southampton and thence aboard the yacht Erin for a trip to the Isle of Wight and Portland. They visited the Victory, Nelson's old flagship, which saluted as the boys' band played "God Save the King" and "The Star-Spangled Ban-

VISCOUNT CHINDA.

Japanese Ambassador to United States Protested on Land Bill.



It is expected that the so-called "coaster-brake trust," with headquarters at Buffalo, N. Y., will be dissolved without a fight in the courts to meet the demands of Attorney-General McReynolds, and the pending criminal case against the combination and its officers will be settled in the near future by an agreement which practically has been concluded between the Government and the interests involved. This suit involves six corporations and eighteen individuals, "inner." The behavior of the lads impressed everybody they met during the trip.

The first through cut of the Panama Canal from east to west was completed Saturday when two steam shovels working from the opposite directions met at Culebra. With the meeting of these great steam shovels the canal was opened at grade from ocean to ocean. Hundreds of workmen quit work and cheered when the big shovels scooped out the last bit of earth that joined the two continents. There is still to be excavated in broadening the canal about 8,000,000 cubic yards of earth.

The adoption of the constitution and the definite election of a President of the Chinese republic have been deferred for an indefinite period. Owing to the deadlock among the parties in Parliament the Assembly is unable to exercise its functions and there is seldom a quorum of members in attendance. Government troops continue to march toward the south, but it is believed in Peking that they will only attempt to surround and not to attack the rebellious faction in the province of Kiang-Si.

So well is the situation in the hands of the federal troops and Government in Mexico that a loan of from \$75,000,000 to \$100,000,000 has been negotiated in Europe and the money advanced by French and English bankers according to telegraphic advices lately received by Consul-General Antonio Leon Grajeda from the Mexican capital. The loan was placed in the only countries which have recognized the Huerta government, and it is to be repaid out of the customs receipts at various ports of the republic.

Plans for alterations to the Church of the Incarnation on Madison avenue, New York, of which Rev. Howard Robbins is rector, provide for a bride's room, which is believed to be an innovation in church arrangements. The organ loft in the rear of the church will be removed and in its place a beautifully equipped room will be built. Here the bride may arrange her attire after the ride from home and assure herself that she is ready for the march to the altar. It is planned to have dressing tables and all conveniences a bride could desire.

Spreading the doctrine of universal peace, Dr. David Starr Jordan, Stanford's new chancellor, has left for a tour which is to carry him over the United States, Europe, China and the Antipodes. Dr. Jordan is leaving the campus with the ultimate aim of continuing his work in the cause of international conciliation. This will be done by a series of lectures in various countries and attendance at three peace congresses during the present summer. It is in accordance with the plan of the university trustees in promoting Dr. Jordan to his present chancellorship that he should devote a large share of his time to work outside the university.

dicted at Buffalo, January 8, 1912, on charges of unlawful combination and conspiracy to monopolize the entire coaster brake business and to fix and maintain prices for coaster brakes.

Vancouver, B. C., refused to accept \$50,000 for library purposes from Andrew Carnegie.

Luther McCarty, claimant of the white heavyweight championship of the world, took the count of ten from Referee Ed Smith of Chicago, which marked him the loser in the ten-round fight with Arthur Pelkey at Calgary, Alberta, Canada, and eight minutes later was dead. His death was caused by a chance blow over the heart after exactly one minute and forty-five seconds of fighting time had elapsed. Arthur Pelkey was arrested on a charge of manslaughter by the Northwestern mounted police and released a short time afterward on bail. Tommy Burns' prizefight arena, in which McCarty was killed, was burned to the ground the following night.

SAN FRANCISCO PRODUCE MARKET

Latest Conditions and Prices of Seasonable Products of California

FRUITS—Apples, per box: California stock, Bellflowers, fancy, 35¢ 75¢; do, black spotted, 20¢ 50¢; Newtown Pippins, 4-tier, \$1.50@1.70; do, 1½-tier, \$1.20@1.30; White Pearmain, 4-tier, 75¢ 90¢; Red Pearmain, 35¢ 40¢; other varieties, 4-tier, 60¢ 80¢; do, 1½-tier, 10¢ 15¢ lower; No. 2, all varieties, 35¢ 50¢. Oregon stock, per box, Spitzenberg, 90¢ \$1.30; Jonathan, \$1@1.20; Baldwin, 75¢ 90¢; Ben Davis, 85¢ \$1.15. Cherries, per box, Black, 60¢ 75¢; White, 40¢ 50¢; do, loose, per pound, 3½¢ 7¢. Apricots, per crate, \$1.25@2. Strawberries, per chest, Longworth, \$4@5; Banner, \$5@6; Watsonville, \$3@4.50; other varieties, per chest, \$2.50@5. Blackberries, per crate, 75¢ \$1. Raspberries, per crate, \$1@1.50.

POTATOES—Per cental on wharf: River Burbanks, fancy, 40¢ 80¢; street quotations, 10¢ higher; Salinas, \$1.25@1.60; on street, 20¢ higher per sack; Lompoc, 60¢ 90¢; Oregon Burbanks, 90¢ \$1.10; Sweet, fancy, \$1.75@2.40 per case; do, on street, 10¢ higher per case; new Potatoes, white, 1¢ 1½¢ per pound; do, Garland, 1¼¢ 1½¢ per pound.

ONIONS—Per cental on wharf: California, Silverskins, 40¢ 55¢; Australian Brown, 35¢ 45¢; on street, 10¢ higher; Honolulu, per crate, 85¢ 95¢; Reds, on wharf, 65¢ 85¢; on street, 15¢ higher.

VEGETABLES—Tomatoes, per crate, Florida, \$4@4.50; do, southern, \$1.50@2.25; Garlic, per pound, 4¢ 6¢; Cucumbers, hothouse, per box, \$1@1.75; do, English, 50¢ 90¢; do, Texas, \$2@2.25; Green Okra, per box, 25¢ 40¢; String Beans, per pound, northern, 5¢ 8¢; do, southern, 4¢ 7¢; Wax Beans, per pound, 5¢ 8¢; Peas, \$1@1.50 per sack; Peppers, local, Bell, 25¢ 30¢ per pound; do, Mexican, 25¢ 35¢; Carrots, 50¢ 65¢ per sack; Egg Plant, 25¢ 35¢ per pound; Cauliflower, 65¢ \$1 per dozen; Lettuce, southern, 75¢ \$1.10 per crate, do local, 15¢ 20¢ per bunch; Squash, Cream, per crate, \$1.25@1.75; do, Hubbard, 45¢ 60¢ per sack; do, Summer, 30¢ 50¢ per crate; do, Italian, 25¢ 40¢; Sprouts, per pound, 3½¢ 5¢; Mushrooms, 4-pound boxes, 80¢ \$1; Artichokes, per dozen, 20¢ 30¢; do, No. 2, 10¢ 15¢; Horseradish, per pound, 8¢ 10¢; Rhubarb, 40-pound boxes, 50¢ 85¢; do, San Jose, 75¢ \$1; Asparagus, 50-pound boxes, 50¢ \$1.

Hay—Carload lots, per ton: Fancy Wheat, \$20@26; No. 1 Wheat or Wheat and Oat, \$22@24; No. 2 Wheat or Wheat and Oat, \$19@22; Choice Tame Oat, \$22@23; other Tame Oat, \$19@20; Barley and Oat, \$17@20; Wild Oat, \$16@19.50; Stock Hay, \$11@13.50; Alfalfa, new, \$12@14; Straw, per bale, 60¢ 85¢. Feed, per ton, grain trade prices: Chopped Feed, \$24@27; Bran, \$27.50@28.50; Middlings, \$31@34; Shorts, \$29@29.50; Cracked Corn, \$34.50; Feed Corn Meal, \$34.50; Rolled Barley, \$31@32; Rolled Oats, \$34@36; Alfalfa Meal, car lots, \$18.50; do, small lots, \$20.50; Blue Ribbon Feed, \$23; Economy Horse Feed, \$29.50. Meal, per ton: Olicake, 20-ton lots, \$35.50; 10 tons, \$36; 5 tons, \$36.50; less than 5 tons, \$37; Coconut, carload lots, \$28; do, small lots, \$30; Soy Bean, \$35@36.50, according to quantity.

POULTRY—Per pound: California Fryers, 22¢ 30¢; Roosters, 23¢ 25¢; Hens, 19¢ 20¢. Per dozen: California Hens, small, \$5@6; do, large, \$7@8; do, extra, \$9@12; old Roosters, \$4.50@5; young Roosters, \$9@10; do, full grown, \$10@12; Fryers, \$8@9; Broilers, large, \$4@5; do, medium, \$3@3.50; do, small, \$2.50@3; Ducks, old, \$4.50@5.50; do, young, \$7@9; Pigeons, \$1.50; do, Squabs, \$2@2.50.

GAME—Per dozen: Rabbits, \$2.25@2.75; Gray Geese, \$4; Brant, small, \$1.50@2; do, large, \$2.25@3.

DAIRY PRODUCE—Butter, 27½¢; Eggs, 23¢.